TOWN OF DUXBURY, MASSACHUSETTS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



For the year ended June 30, 2021

On the cover: Duxbury Free Library.



Harbormaster Patrol

The Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021

Prepared by the Finance Department

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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Introductory Section



Duxbury Harbor at dawn

Introductory Section

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

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Finance Director John Q. Adams

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT

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December 9, 2021

Letter of Transmittal

To the Honorable Select Board and Citizens of the Town of Duxbury:

Subsequent to the close of each year, state law requires the Town of Duxbury to publish a complete set of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) that are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts, for the year ending June 30, 2021, for your review.

The report is designed to be used by the elected and appointed officials of the Town and others who are concerned with its management and progress such as bond analysts, banking institutions and credit raters. Just as important, the design and format of this report is aimed at providing the residents and taxpayers of Duxbury a more easily readable and, therefore, a more easily understandable financial report.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Duxbury. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these financial representations, management continues to review and improve its established comprehensive internal controls. The framework for these controls is designed to protect, to the extent possible, the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse. The cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. As a result, the Town of Duxbury's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The Town of Duxbury's financial statements have been audited by Powers & Sullivan, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Duxbury for the year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the Town of Duxbury's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, and that they are, in fact, fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Duxbury was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town of Duxbury's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Duxbury's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town

Duxbury, incorporated on June 17, 1637, was the home of Captain Myles Standish and John Alden. The Town was originally established as a community with plentiful lands for harvesting crops and other natural resources as well as providing a livelihood for many in the shellfish and fishing industries. Because of its proximity to the ocean and its natural harbor, the harbor became one of the busiest in the world during the "Golden Age of Shipbuilding" (approximately 1800-1874) and the Town enjoyed a period of great prosperity. During the late 1800's other industries began to develop including shoe manufacturing, cranberry harvesting, charcoal production and the production of textiles. The first department store in America, "Ford's Store" was established in 1826 and the Franco-American cable was pulled ashore at Duxbury Beach on July 23, 1869, uniting Europe and the United States in the first trans-Atlantic telegraph connection. Duxbury is also home to the famous Island Creek oyster. Known for their quality and distinctive flavor, these oysters are in great demand and are shipped to points throughout the United States as well as Bermuda, the Caribbean, and Hong Kong. Duxbury is a town of quiet dignity and stability, with beautiful beaches, tides and marshes combined with Cape Cod homes and Sea Captain's Colonials.

The Town is governed by an open Town Meeting form of government and is located in Southeastern Massachusetts in Plymouth County approximately 33 miles from Boston. Duxbury is accessible by Route 3, a major highway, as well as secondary roads including Routes 3A and 114. The Town is bordered by the Towns of Pembroke on the west, Marshfield on the north, Kingston on the south and the Atlantic Ocean on the east and southeast. Duxbury occupies an area of approximately 23.76 square miles and its population is 15,636 based on the most recent town census.

The Town provides general governmental services for the territory within its boundaries, including police and fire protection, public education in grades kindergarten through twelve, water, street maintenance, parks, beaches and other recreational facilities.

The Greater Attleboro Taunton Regional Transit Authority provides bus coverage throughout Duxbury to surrounding communities. The Duxbury Housing Authority provides public housing for eligible low-income families, the elderly and the handicapped.

Local legislative decisions are made by an open Town Meeting. Subject to the legislative decisions made by the Town Meeting, the affairs for the Town are generally administered by a five member Select Board who are supported by the Town Manager.

Local school affairs are administered by a school committee of five persons, elected for staggered three-year terms on an at large basis. The Water and Sewer Departments are managed by the same five-person Select Board. Local taxes are assessed by a board of three assessors, elected for staggered three-year terms.

Budgetary Controls

The Finance Director is responsible for preparing the budget and reviewing it with the various departments, boards and committees. This budget is then presented to the Town Manager who, in turn, after review, presents the budget to the Select Board. The Select Board review all requests and town-wide issues and present a budget to Town Meeting for approval. A nine-member Finance Committee made up of citizen volunteers appointed by the Town Moderator reviews the budget and makes recommendations to Town Meeting. A separate Fiscal Advisory Committee also made up of nine citizen volunteers appointed by the Town Moderator reviews capital expenditure plans.

The level of budgetary control is established by Town Meeting and this approval defines the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations. This level is typically at the individual department salary and expense level. The Town Accountant is responsible for ensuring all payroll and invoices are within the budgetary control level before authorizing payment. Additional appropriations may be approved at subsequent Town Meetings. The Finance Committee, upon request of the Town Manager, may approve during the year a transfer from a reserve fund established at Town Meeting. These controls ensure compliance with the budget approved by Town Meeting.

Factors Affecting Economic Condition

Local Economy

The Town of Duxbury continues to reflect a strong economic condition. The per capita income is significantly higher than state averages, and the unemployment rate has always been extremely low. Duxbury has a primarily residential tax base which has grown through rapidly rising home values.

In FY 2021, the average price of a home in Duxbury was \$777,600 (based upon calendar 2019 sales data), an increase of approximately 4.18% from the previous year. The current economic environment indicates that property values are seeing dramatic increases and new growth is steady. The community has preserved large amounts of open space and is 96.2% residential. Duxbury is an ocean front community with a pristine coastline, as well as having an excellent reputation for academics, athletics and many cultural and natural amenities. Easy access to the commuter rail in neighboring Kingston facilitates the commute to Boston. All of this has made Duxbury a highly desirable location.

While the COVID-19 pandemic wreaked havoc on FY 2020 4th quarter revenues, the Town of Duxbury prepared its revenue estimates for FY 2021 with a worst-case scenario \$2M reduction. FY 2021 budgets were likewise made with very conservative numbers preparing for the worst. All departmental budgets were made level funded or below with the Duxbury Public Schools being prioritized to budget for level service.

When the dust finally settled in the last quarter of FY 2021 something surprising happened. The worst-case scenario was not realized. In fact, revenues nearly got back to FY 2019 levels with inspectional permits and trash fees exceeding revenues from 2019. Also, on the expenditure side there was an unprecedented amount of unexpended balances of appropriations. The CARES Act reimbursements, employee turnover, building closures (short-term), and changes in school transportation were all drivers attributing to the unprecedented budget surplus.

State aid revenues and State and county assessments were flat in FY 2021. The CARES Act provided the Town with over \$2.6 million dollars in Federal Aid passed through Plymouth County.

While COVID-19 had a positive effect on our Health Insurance Trust Fund balance this trend has been broken. Health insurance claims are beginning to creep up. The Health Insurance Trust finished FY 2021 with a fund balance just over \$7 million up nearly 29% from the start of the pandemic.

Proposition 2½ caps the Town's ability to raise taxes and excess levy capacity is limited. The Town last approved a Proposition 2½ operating override (in the amount of \$1,000,000) in 1989 and it is unclear whether this will be a viable solution in the near future.

Fortunately, the Town has long enjoyed a cooperative approach to problem solving among its many boards and committees, departments, unions and citizens. This cooperation has led to solid fund balances. During the 2021 budget cycle, departments continued to work together to create a budget that did not rely at all on long-term reserves. However, that will not be the case in FY 2022, while our State Aid and Local Receipts face uncertainty.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Town's long-term financial planning is focused on addressing the numerous needs of the community, particularly in view of the revenue constraints of Proposition 2½. Discussions are ongoing concerning issues regarding how to provide the community with the level of services it has come to expect under difficult financial conditions. Town departments, the School Committee, Finance Committee, and the Fiscal Advisory Committee have all provided input.

The Town continues to review and modify its sustainable long-term financial plan. Management recognizes that in order to continue to provide services to the community, while at the same time maintaining its existing infrastructure, a formalized plan is necessary. Issues being discussed include long range capital planning, appropriate reserve levels and new revenue sources. The Town has identified debt usage benchmarks and has established a new Capital Stabilization reserve. In FY 2021, the Town completed its construction on the roughly 800 linear feet of sea wall, continues to fund regular maintenance on the Powder Point bridge, and is renewing efforts to fund a new Public Works facility.

During 2021, the Town dedicated 54.33% of its Free Cash totaling just over \$1.9 million in Free Cash to fund the portion of the capital plan related to building and equipment replacement and repair. Going forward, it is the goal of the Town to use 40%-60% of its Free Cash and to provide at least \$1.35 million in "cash" funding on an annual basis for capital needs.

Relevant Financial Policies

In early FY 2019, the Town did a major update to its Financial Policies to provide various benchmarks from everything including short- and long-term goals for its various reserves to what percentage of Free Cash should be used towards the Capital Plan. The Town has placed more emphasis on its debt and capital while still balancing an operating budget without the use of reserves or one-time funds.

Major Initiatives

The Town, through its long-range planning development and strong financial position, saw its bond rating reaffirmed at AAA status. We are all very proud of this achievement. It was through these efforts that the Town has secured and maintained such a lofty bond rating.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Duxbury for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2020. This was the sixteenth year that the Town submitted an ACFR to the GFOA. Based on information available on the GFOA website, only forty-six municipalities in Massachusetts received this distinction for fiscal year 2019. Of the forty-six, only seven have held the distinction for more years. In order to receive this prestigious award, a government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparing a document of this magnitude requires a significant investment of time and resources. I am grateful to the Finance Department for achieving and maintaining this prestigious honor. This document reflects well upon the professionalism of our organization and provides a wealth of information to the community.

Respectfully submitted,

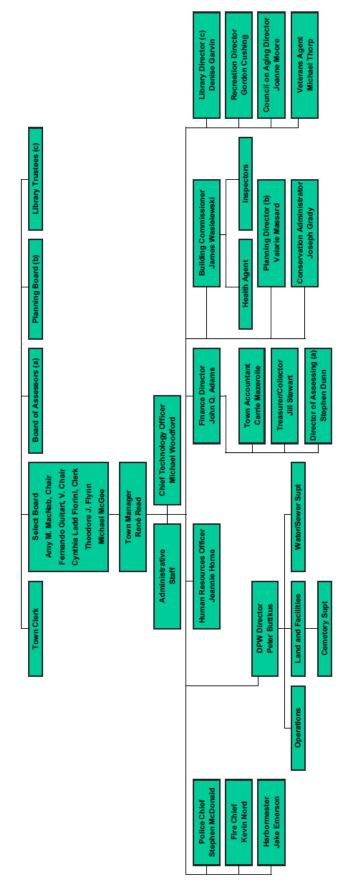
John Q. Adams Finance Director

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Principal Executive Officers as of June 30, 2021

		Manner of	Length of	Expiration
Title	Name	Selection	Term	of Term
Select Board-Chair	Amy M. MacNab	Elected	3 Years	2022
Select Board-Vice Chair	Fernando Guitart	Elected	3 Years	2024
Select Board-Clerk	Cynthia Ladd Fiorini	Elected	3 Years	2024
Select Board	Theodore J. Flynn	Elected	3 Years	2023
Select Board	Michael McGee	Elected	3 Years	2023
Town Manager	René J. Read	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Finance Director	John Q. Adams	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Town Accountant	Carrie Mazerolle	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Treasurer/Collector	Jill Stewart	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Town Clerk	Susan C. Kelley	Elected	3 Years	2022
Assessor-Chair	James G. MacNab	Elected	3 Years	2022
Assessor-Vice Chair	Nancy D. Reed	Elected	3 Years	2023
Assessor-Clerk	Linda M. Collari	Elected	3 Years	2024
Interim Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Danielle E. Klingaman	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
School Business Manager	Catherine Blake	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Director of Public Works	Peter Buttkus	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A
Town Moderator	John J. Tuffy	Elected	3 Years	2022
Town Counsel	KP Law, PC	Appointed	Indefinite	N/A

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts Organizational Chart



(a), (b) and (c) positions also report to elected boards

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Duxbury Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section



Department of Public Works Barn

Financial Section

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

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Powers & Sullivan, LLC

Certified Public Accountants



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Select Board Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report December 9, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powers & Sullivan LLC

December 9, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Duxbury, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town complies with financial reporting requirements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management's discussion and analysis are part of these requirements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Duxbury's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities include general government, public safety, education, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation, community preservation, and interest. The business-type activities include the activities of the municipal water department.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Duxbury adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the governmentwide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its municipal water department.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. The Town uses internal service funds to account for health insurance activities. Because these services primarily benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The Town maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund is used to report resources held in trust for healthcare benefits for retirees and beneficiaries. The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to report the Town's scholarship funds.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Duxbury's government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$143.6 million at the end of 2021. The Town's total net position increased by \$12.8 million during 2021. This increase is the effect of a \$12.7 million increase in the governmental activities and a \$133,000 increase in the business-type activities.

Comparative analysis of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, expenses and transfers of the governmental and business-type activities are discussed herein.

Governmental Activities

The results of operations of the governmental activities are discussed in the following paragraphs and tables. Net position of \$157.3 million reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of its related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the governmental activities' net position, \$7.5 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* is a deficit of \$36.1 million. The deficit is primarily the result of the recognition of net pension liability of \$30.6 million along with the net other postemployment benefits liability of \$40.0 million. These are long-term unfunded liabilities that will not require significant short-term resources.

The governmental activities net position increased by \$12.7 million during the current year. Net position invested in capital assets increased by \$7.1 million. Key reasons for this increase were capital grants of \$5.3 million for the Regional Old Colony Communications Center (ROCCC), roadway improvements, seawall repairs, and community preservation projects. The \$1.3 million decrease in restricted net position was mainly the timing of grant funding offset with the use of the community preservation funds for capital purchases. The increase of \$6.8 million in unrestricted net position was partially due to the decrease in the net pension liability net of deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions, the decrease in net other postemployment benefit obligations liability (OPEB) net of deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB, and better than expected budgetary results.

			2020
	2021		(As Revised)
Assets:		_	
Current assets \$	53,699,431	\$	50,298,815
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital)	26,680		80,047
Capital assets, nondepreciable	42,896,390		46,358,487
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	182,237,863	_	176,581,263
Total assets	278,860,364		273,318,612
Deferred outflows of resources	8,452,865	· -	10,938,374
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities (excluding debt)	8,962,338		9,330,094
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)	70,902,596		74,487,010
Current debt	7,665,386		7,055,065
Noncurrent debt	60,193,263		65,756,548
Total liabilities	147,723,583		156,628,717
Deferred inflows of resources	10,915,644	· -	11,610,328
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	157,275,604		150,205,087
Restricted	7,472,997		8,728,118
Unrestricted	(36,074,599)	· -	(42,915,264)
Total net position\$	128,674,002	\$	116,017,941

The Regional Old Colony Communications Center is a regional 911 center servicing emergency calls for the Towns of Duxbury, Plympton, Halifax, and Rochester. The center is located within the Duxbury Fire Department building and was awarded a \$3.7 million state grant for renovations. The activities of the center are administered by the Town of Duxbury in accordance with intermunicipal agreements with the member communities. The center is accounted for in the Town's general fund under "Regional Dispatch". The Town has petitioned the Commonwealth to allow the creation of an Enterprise Fund to account for this service in the future.

2020

	2021		2020
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services\$	10,660,659	\$	10,921,525
Operating grants and contributions	21,792,626		19,697,786
Capital grants and contributions	5,307,940		5,140,483
General Revenues:			
Real estate and personal property taxes,			
net of tax refunds payable	65,092,861		63,607,214
Tax and other liens	184,612		257,522
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	3,129,259		3,004,758
Meals tax	126,602		151,465
Community preservation tax	557,832		539,675
Penalties and interest on taxes	376,019		327,729
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,111		13,384
Grants and contributions not restricted to			
specific programs	1,226,432		1,551,635
Unrestricted investment income	2,420,028		1,405,872
Total revenues	110,884,981		106,619,048
Expenses:			
General government	7,929,753		7,708,628
Public safety	14,082,797		13,596,774
Education	62,737,608		62,848,092
Public works	6,343,448		6,241,464
Health and human services	1,337,132		1,647,490
Culture and recreation	3,800,945		3,633,917
Community preservation	237,128		451,079
Interest	1,760,109		1,973,309
Total expenses	98,228,920		98,100,753
Change in net position	12,656,061		8,518,295
Net position, beginning of year (as revised)	116,017,941	· <u> </u>	107,499,646
Net position, end of year\$	128,674,002	\$	116,017,941

Charges for services was consistent with the previous year. The Town continued to have programs that were not running for part of the year due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Operating grant revenue came in higher from the previous year due to increased state financing for the Massachusetts's Teachers' Retirement System, which increased revenue and the corresponding expense by \$1.2 million. The Town also received additional grant funds to cover additional cost incurred for the COVID-19 pandemic.

Capital grant revenues was consistent with the previous year. The Town received state funding for the construction and equipping of the ROCCC and the Duxbury Beach seawall repairs. The Town also received increases in reimbursements for roadway projects and the state match for the community preservation act.

Business-type Activities

For the Town's water business-type activities, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$14.9 million at the close of 2021. Of this amount \$10.6 million (71%) is net investment in capital assets, and \$4.3 million (29%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the water enterprise's ongoing obligations.

There was an increase of \$133,000 in net position related to the Water Department's operations during the year. The water enterprise fund recognized a \$39,000 increase in the net other postemployment benefit liability, net of deferred outflows/inflows related to OPEB; offset by a \$74,000 decrease in the net pension liability, net of deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions, and an increase in charges for services.

	_	2021	2020
Assets:	_		
Current assets		7,453,047	\$ 8,036,419
Capital assets, nondepreciable		3,299,437	5,877,075
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	10,941,466	8,266,211
Total assets		21,693,950	22,179,705
Deferred outflows of resources	_	243,102	320,354
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities (excluding debt)		577,984	902,705
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)		2,148,829	2,244,774
Current debt		1,844,876	1,689,907
Noncurrent debt		2,188,440	2,618,316
Total liabilities	_	6,760,129	7,455,702
Deferred inflows of resources		295,474	296,102
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		10,627,854	11,076,733
Unrestricted	_	4,253,595	3,671,522
Total net position	\$	14,881,449	\$ 14,748,255
		2021	2020
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$_	3,491,405	\$ 3,264,317
Expenses:			
Water	_	3,358,211	3,443,751
Change in net position		133,194	(179,434)
Net position, beginning of year	_	14,748,255	14,927,689
Net position, end of year	\$	14,881,449	\$ 14,748,255

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$34.4 million, an increase of \$1.5 million from the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund totaled \$16.2 million, while total fund balance is \$21.8 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 17.6% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 23.8% of that same amount.

The general fund increased by \$3.2 million in 2021. This was mainly due to an increase in the Town's capital, special education and compensated absences stabilization funds through appropriations from the operating budget and better than anticipated budgetary results.

The Community Preservation Act fund had a fund balance at June 30, 2021, of \$1.2 million. These funds are attributable to the Town's acceptance of the Community Preservation Act, which allows the Town to impose a surcharge on property taxes and to receive matching state funds for specified uses related to the acquisition, creation, preservation and support of open space, historic resources, land for recreational use and community housing. The Community Preservation Act's fund balance decreased by \$1.7 million in 2021. This was the net result of \$718,000 in interest, taxes and state matching funds collected offset by \$2.4 million in expenditures on community preservation projects.

The affordable housing fund had a balance of \$1.0 million at year end. These funds are used to provide for the preservation and creation of affordable housing in the Town for the benefit of low- and moderate-income households. In 2021, the fund had \$137,000 in investment earnings offset by \$3,700 in expenditures and \$9,200 in transfers out to the community preservation fund.

The Town services fund is made up of the Town's permanent funds. The fund had an ending balance of \$5.2 million. Activity during the year consisted of \$700,000 in investment earnings and donations offset by \$67,000 in expenditures mainly for cemetery perpetual care.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was a \$1.5 million increase from the original budget to the final amended budget due to the Annual Town Meeting and the Spring Special Town Meeting being postponed until after year end due to COVID-19.

The \$1.5 million increase from the original budget to the final amended budget resulted mainly from a Spring Special Town Meeting vote to use free cash of \$1.5 million to supplement various governmental departments and funds. These included \$260,000 for the special education reserve fund; \$110,000 for the pension reserve fund; \$300,000 to fund other postemployment benefits; \$250,000 for the stabilization fund; \$250,000 for the capital stabilization fund; and \$250,000 for state matching grants.

General Fund revenues came in approximately \$3.1 million more than budgeted. The largest area of the surplus was in departmental and other totaling \$1.7 million, motor vehicle and other excise taxes totaling \$572,000, trash

disposal totaling \$460,000 and tax liens totaling \$288,000. This was mainly due to the Town budgeting conservatively in these areas.

General fund expenditures and encumbrances were approximately \$3.0 million less than budgeted. Key components of this surplus include \$121,000 in information technology salaries and expenditures \$1.1 million in education salaries and expenditures, \$275,000 in transfer station expenditures, and \$606,000 in employee benefits.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

In conjunction with the operating budget, the Town annually prepares a capital budget for the upcoming year and a five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) that is used as a guide for future capital expenditures. The Town's major governmental capital asset activity in 2021 includes \$1.4 million for the Regional Old Colony Communications Center which was funded by a state grant, \$3.7 million for the Duxbury Beach seawall repair which was funded with both federal and state grants, \$2.2 million for land purchase funded by community preservation funds, and \$616,000 in roadway projects which are funded by a state grant.

Capital Assets

	Capital Assets at end of year	Depreciation at end of year	Capital Assets, net
Governmental activities	-	 	
Function:			
General government\$	28,467,503	\$ (805,305) \$	27,662,198
Public safety	20,556,880	(8,606,308)	11,950,572
Education	186,743,588	(50,224,783)	136,518,805
Public works	35,686,815	(15,256,219)	20,430,596
Culture and recreation	4,987,261	(1,350,838)	3,636,423
Community preservation	12,397,446	(5,996,066)	6,401,380
Health and human services	20,845,262	 (2,310,983)	18,534,279
Total governmental\$	309,684,755	\$ (84,550,502) \$	225,134,253
Business-type activities			
Water\$	31,078,158	\$ (16,837,255) \$	14,240,903

<u>Debt</u>

The Town of Duxbury's governmental funds had total bonded debt outstanding of \$62.5 million at the end of the current year. Of this amount, \$52.0 million is related to school construction and equipment, \$1.2 million is related to the crematory, \$3.8 million is related to the police station construction, \$1.7 million is related to the fire station renovations, \$660,000 is related to the Powder Point bridge, \$620,000 for the Percy Walker Pool, and \$2.0 million is related to the senior center renovations. The remaining \$555,000 relates to other capital related projects.

The water enterprise fund has \$2.5 million in bonded debt that is fully supported by the rates and does not rely on a general fund subsidy.

For further discussion please refer to Note 4 for major capital activity and Notes 6 and 7 for debt activity.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Duxbury's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town Hall, 878 Tremont Street, Duxbury, Massachusetts 02332.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE	30,	2021	

-					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS		- ·			
CURRENT:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments	25,556,414 24,460,759	\$	5,820,536	Ş	31,376,950 24,460,759
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	24,400,759		-		24,400,759
Real estate and personal property taxes	1,019,707		-		1,019,707
Tax liens	413,068		_		413,068
Community preservation fund surtax	9,976		-		9,976
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	370,520		-		370,520
User charges	18,682		1,632,511		1,651,193
Departmental and other	371,389		-		371,389
Intergovernmental	569,764		-		569,764
Community preservation state share	184,200		-		184,200
Special assessments	26,679		-		26,679
Tax foreclosures	698,273		-		698,273
Total current assets	53,699,431		7,453,047		61,152,478
NONCURRENT:					
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:					
Special assessments	26,680		-		26,680
Capital assets, nondepreciable	42,896,390		3,299,437		46,195,827
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	182,237,863		10,941,466	-	193,179,329
Total noncurrent assets	225,160,933		14,240,903		239,401,836
TOTAL ASSETS	278,860,364		21,693,950		300,554,314
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,833,203		123,721		3,956,924
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	4,619,662		119,381		4,739,043
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,452,865		243,102		8,695,967
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT:					
Warrants payable	1,305,574		508,206		1,813,780
Accrued payroll	2,236,779		-		2,236,779
Health claims payable	1,348,696		-		1,348,696
Tax refunds payable	1,340,531 680,294		25,178		1,340,531 705,472
Other liabilities	461,429		23,170		461,429
Unearned revenue	41,334		_		41,334
Compensated absences.	1,501,500		44,600		1,546,100
Workers' compensation	46,201		-		46,201
Notes payable	2,102,101		1,415,000		3,517,101
Bonds payable	5,563,285		429,876		5,993,161
Total current liabilities	16,627,724		2,422,860		19,050,584
NONCURRENT:					
Compensated absences	264,400		15,800		280,200
Net pension liability	30,622,796		988,385		31,611,181
Net other postemployment benefits liability	40,015,400		1,144,644		41,160,044
Bonds payable	60,193,263		2,188,440	· -	62,381,703
Total noncurrent liabilities	131,095,859		4,337,269		135,433,128
TOTAL LIABILITIES	147,723,583		6,760,129		154,483,712
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Taxes paid in advance	259,800		-		259,800
Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,125,166		100,868		3,226,034
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	7,530,678		194,606		7,725,284
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,915,644		295,474		11,211,118
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	157,275,604		10,627,854		167,903,458
Restricted for:					,,.
Perpetual care and other permanent funds:					
Expendable	2,761,461		-		2,761,46
Nonexpendable	2,412,793		-		2,412,793
Gifts and grants	1,059,122		-		1,059,122
Community preservation	1,239,621		-		1,239,621
Unrestricted.	(36,074,599))	4,253,595		(31,821,004

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		-		Pr	ogram Revenue	s		
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary Government:	Expenses		Charges for Services	-	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental Activities:								
General government\$	7,929,753	\$	1,143,066	\$	1,778,931	\$	2,915,879	\$ (2,091,877)
Public safety	14,082,797		3,196,313		950,179		1,634,852	(8,301,453)
Education	62,737,608		2,188,896		18,727,724		-	(41,820,988)
Public works	6,343,448		2,021,480		32,570		537,473	(3,751,925)
Health and human services	1,337,132		102,135		229,519		-	(1,005,478)
Culture and recreation	3,800,945		2,008,769		70,835		-	(1,721,341)
Community preservation	237,128		-		-		219,736	(17,392)
Interest	1,760,109		-	-	2,868			(1,757,241)
Total Governmental Activities	98,228,920		10,660,659	-	21,792,626		5,307,940	(60,467,695)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water	3,358,211		3,491,405	-	-			133,194
Total Primary Government\$ _	101,587,131	\$	14,152,064	\$	21,792,626	\$	5,307,940	\$ (60,334,501)

See notes to basic financial statements.

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government							
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total					
Changes in net position:								
Net (expense) revenue from previous page\$	(60,467,695) \$	133,194 \$	(60,334,501)					
General revenues:								
Real estate and personal property taxes,								
net of tax refunds payable	65,092,861	-	65,092,861					
Tax and other liens	184,612	-	184,612					
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	3,129,259	-	3,129,259					
Meals tax	126,602	-	126,602					
Community preservation tax	557,832	-	557,832					
Penalties and interest on taxes	376,019	-	376,019					
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,111	-	10,111					
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs	1,226,432	-	1,226,432					
Unrestricted investment income	2,420,028	<u> </u>	2,420,028					
Total general revenues	73,123,756	<u> </u>	73,123,756					
Change in net position	12,656,061	133,194	12,789,255					
Net position:								
Beginning of year (as revised)	116,017,941	14,748,255	130,766,196					
End of year\$	128,674,002 \$	5 14,881,449 \$	143,555,451					

See notes to basic financial statements.

(Concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2021

	General	F	Community Preservation Act		Affordable Housing		Town Services Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	5 12,301,005	\$	1,803,325	\$	19,167	\$	165,860	\$	7,228,395	\$	21,517,752
Investments	13,727,443		-		1,024,583		5,046,289		94,492		19,892,807
Receivables, net of uncollectibles:											
Real estate and personal property taxes	1,019,707		-		-		-		-		1,019,707
Tax liens	410,412		2,656		-		-		-		413,068
Community preservation fund surtax	-		9,976		-		-		-		9,976
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	370,520		-		-		-		-		370,520
User charges	18,682		-		-		-		-		18,682
Departmental and other	371,389		-		-		-		-		371,389
Intergovernmental - other	111,595		-		-		-		458,169		569,764
Community preservation state share	-		184,200		-		-		-		184,200
Special assessments	53,359		-		-		-		-		53,359
Tax foreclosures	698,273		-		-		-	_			698,273
TOTAL ASSETS	29,082,385	_ \$ _	2,000,157	\$	1,043,750	\$	5,212,149	\$	7,781,056	\$	45,119,497
LIABILITIES											
Warrants payable	659,906	\$	4,150	\$	-	\$	37,895	\$	492,451	\$	1,194,402
Accrued payroll	2,236,779	*		*	-	*		Ŧ		Ŧ	2,236,779
Tax refunds payable	1,340,531		-		-		-		-		1,340,531
Other liabilities	34,608		9,554		-		-		417.267		461,429
Unearned revenue.					-		-		41,334		41,334
Notes payable			550,000		-		-	-	1,552,101		2,102,101
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,271,824		563,704		-		37,895	_	2,503,153	-	7,376,576
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Taxes paid in advance	259.800		-		-		-		-		259,800
Unavailable revenue	2,729,472		196,832		-		-	_	117,682		3,043,986
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,989,272		196,832	. <u>-</u>	-		-	-	117,682		3,303,786
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable	-		-		-		2,412,793		-		2,412,793
Restricted	3,294,348		1,239,621		1,043,750		2,761,461		6,682,409		15,021,589
Committed.	1,697,258		,,		-		-		-		1,697,258
Assigned	639,877		-		-		-		-		639,877
Unassigned	16,189,806		-		-		-	_	(1,522,188)	-	14,667,618
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	21,821,289		1,239,621		1,043,750		5,174,254	_	5,160,221		34,439,135
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF											
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	29,082,385	_ \$ _	2,000,157	\$	1,043,750	\$	5,212,149	\$	7,781,056	\$	45,119,497

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances	\$	34,439,135
Capital assets (net) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		225,134,253
Accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds		3,043,986
The statement of net position includes certain deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources that will be amortized over future periods. In governmental funds, these amounts are not deferred		(2,202,979)
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position		7,146,746
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due		(680,294)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Bonds payable Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits liability Workers' compensation Compensated absences.	(65,756,548) (30,622,796) (40,015,400) (46,201) (1,765,900)	
Net effect of reporting long-term liabilities	(1,100,000)	(138,206,845)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	128,674,002

See notes to basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Community	Affordable	Town Services	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Preservation Act	Housing	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:						
Real estate and personal property taxes,						
net of tax refunds\$	65,245,506	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 65,245,506
Tax liens	287,795	2,287	-	-	-	290,082
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	2,937,869	-	-	-	-	2,937,869
Meals tax	126,602	-	-	-	-	126,602
Sewer charges	232,989	-	-	-	-	232,989
Regional dispatch member revenue	425.000	-	-	-	-	425,000
Penalties and interest on taxes	376,019	-	-	-	-	376,019
Trash disposal	963,631		-	-		963,631
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,111	_		_		10,111
Intergovernmental - state aid	6,601,544	_	_	-	-	6,601,544
•		-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental - Teachers Retirement	11,330,361	-	-	-	-	11,330,361
Intergovernmental	2,868	-	-	-	9,972,977	9,975,845
Departmental and other	5,112,815		-	-	4,014,299	9,127,114
Community preservation taxes	-	559,146	-	-	-	559,146
Community preservation state match	-	156,095	-	-	-	156,095
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	17,620	105,783	123,403
Investment income (loss)	1,216,201		136,741	682,416	12,967	2,048,325
TOTAL REVENUES	94,869,311	717,528	136,741	700,036	14,106,026	110,529,642
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	3,777,072	-	3,694	41,206	6,610,320	10,432,292
Public safety	9,094,132	_	0,004	41,200	3,292,018	12,386,150
Education	36,466,871	_	_	-	3,682,831	40,149,702
Public works		-	-	-		
	4,464,645	-	-	24,188	806,677	5,295,510
Health and human services	692,023	-	-	-	246,008	938,031
Culture and recreation	2,781,852		-	1,313	134,129	2,917,294
Community preservation	-	2,395,229	-	-	-	2,395,229
Pension benefits	4,186,939	-	-	-	6,847	4,193,786
Pension benefits - Teachers Retirement	11,330,361	-	-	-	-	11,330,361
Property and liability insurance	509,861	-	-	-	-	509,861
Employee benefits	9,611,458	-	-	-	-	9,611,458
State and county charges	579,254	-	-	-	-	579,254
Debt service:						
Principal	5,950,908	-	-	-	-	5,950,908
Interest	2,325,510	-	-	_	-	2,325,510
	2,020,010					2,020,010
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	91,770,886	2,395,229	3,694	66,707	14,778,830	109,015,346
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,098,425	(1,677,701)	133,047	633,329	(672,804)	1,514,296
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Premium from issuance of notes					8,867	8,867
	-	-	-	-		
Transfers in	441,262	9,217	-	-	564,386	1,014,865
Transfers out	(354,426)		(9,217)		(651,222)	(1,014,865
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	86,836	9,217	(9,217)		(77,969)	8,867
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,185,261	(1,668,484)	123,830	633,329	(750,773)	1,523,163
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS REVISED)	18,636,028	2,908,105	919,920	4,540,925	5,910,994	32,915,972
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR \$	21,821,289	\$ 1,239,621	\$ 1,043,750	\$ 5,174,254	\$ 5,160,221	\$ 34,439,135

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	:	5 1,523,163
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	9,552,425	
Depreciation expense	(7,357,925)	
Net effect of reporting capital assets		2,194,500
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are unavailable in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		
Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various		
types of accounts receivable differ between the two statements. This amount		
represents the net change in unavailable revenue		(16,364)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the		
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect		
on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,		
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts		
are unavailable and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Premium from issuance of notes.	(8,867)	
Net amortization of premium from issuance of bonds	494,926	
Debt service principal payments.	5,950,908	
Net effect of reporting long-term debt		6,436,967
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds.		
Net change in compensated absences accrual	75.100	
Net change in accrued interest on long-term debt	70,478	
Net change in deferred outflow/(inflow) of resources related to pensions	(3,159,433)	
Net change in net pension liability	3,589,472	
Net change in deferred outflow/(inflow) of resources related to other postemployment benefits	1,400,835	
	(174,127)	
Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability	,	
Net change in workers' compensation liability	207,996	
Net effect of recording long-term liabilities		2,010,321
The net activity of internal service funds is reported with Governmental Activities		507,474
Change in net position of governmental activities	:	12,656,061

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
CURRENT: Cash and cash equivalents\$	5,820,536	\$ 4,038,662
Investments	-	4,567,952
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		
User charges	1,632,511	-
Total current assets	7,453,047	8,606,614
NONCURRENT:		
	2 200 427	
Capital assets, nondepreciable	3,299,437	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	10,941,466	-
Total noncurrent assets	14,240,903	
TOTAL ASSETS	21,693,950	8,606,614
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	123,721	-
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	119,381	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	243,102	
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT:		
Warrants payable	508,206	111,172
Health claims payable	-	1,348,696
Accrued interest	25,178	-
Compensated absences	44,600	-
Notes payable	1,415,000	-
Bonds payable	429,876	
Total current liabilities	2,422,860	1,459,868
NONCURRENT:		
Compensated absences	15,800	-
Net pension liability	988,385	-
Net other postemployment benefits liability	1,144,644	-
Bonds payable	2,188,440	
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,337,269	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,760,129	1,459,868
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions	100,868	_
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	194,606	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	295,474	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	10,627,854	-
Unrestricted	4,253,595	7,146,746
TOTAL NET POSITION\$	14,881,449	\$ 7,146,746

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES:	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Employee contributions \$	-	\$ 3,772,139
Employer contributions	-	8,376,579
Charges for services	3,491,405	-
Other operating revenues		45,110
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,491,405	12,193,828
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Cost of services and administration	1,639,901	-
Salaries and wages	779,079	-
Depreciation	870,583	-
Employee benefits		12,058,057
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,289,563	12,058,057
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	201,842	135,771
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income (loss) Interest expense	(68,648)	371,703
TOTAL NONOPERATING		
REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET	(68,648)	371,703
	(, (, ((, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (, (,,))))))))))	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	133,194	507,474
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	14,748,255	6,639,272
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR\$	14,881,449	\$ 7,146,746

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water	6	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers and users	-	\$	3,772,139 8,421,689
Payments to vendors Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	(1,254,915) (757,379) 		- - (10,877,810)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,670,794		1,316,018
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from the issuance of notes Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal payments on bonds and notes Interest expense.	1,415,000 (1,715,412) (1,665,664) (96,407)		- - -
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,062,483)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Sale (Purchase) of investments, net Investment income (loss)	-		(305,627) 371,703
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			66,076
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(391,689)		1,382,094
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,212,225		2,656,568
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 5,820,536	\$	4,038,662
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH			
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$201,842	\$	135,771
cash from operating activities: Depreciation Deferred (outflows)/inflows related to pensions Deferred (outflows)/inflows related to other postemployment benefits	870,583 109,676 (33,052)		- - -
Changes in assets and liabilities: User charges Warrants payable Health claims payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits	191,683 420,107 - 21,700 (183,992) 72,247		35,298 1,144,949 - -
Total adjustments	1,468,952		1,180,247
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,670,794	\$	1,316,018

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

ASSETS	Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund	-	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Cash and cash equivalents\$	53,362	\$	78,254
Investments:			
U.S. treasury notes	235,517		661,509
Government sponsored enterprises	157,852		442,918
Corporate bonds	186,079		448,185
Equity securities	3,224,805		2,092,126
Fixed income mutual funds	421,224		444,194
Municipal bonds		_	44,583
TOTAL ASSETS	4,278,839	-	4,211,769
NET POSITION			
Restricted for other postemployment benefits	4,278,839		-
Held in trust for other purposes		-	4,211,769
TOTAL NET POSITION \$	4,278,839	\$	4,211,769

JUNE 30, 2021

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ADDITIONS:	Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund	. .	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Contributions:			
Employer contributions \$ Employer contributions for other postemployment benefit payments	600,000 2,142,378	\$	-
Total contributions	2,742,378		
Net investment income: Investment income (loss)	814,380		580,914
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,556,758		580,914
DEDUCTIONS: Other postemployment benefit payments Educational scholarships and other	2,142,378	. .	- 32,479
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	2,142,378		32,479
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	1,414,380		548,435
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,864,459		3,663,334
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR\$	4,278,839	\$	4,211,769

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts (Town) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described herein.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five members of the Select Board and an appointed Town Manager.

For financial reporting purposes, the Town has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions. The Town has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the Town (Primary Government) and its component units. The Town did not identify any component units requiring inclusion in the basic financial statements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which are supported primarily by user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Major Fund Criteria

Major funds must be reported if the following criteria are met:

- If total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of an individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element (assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows or resources, etc.) for all funds of that category or type (total governmental or total enterprise funds), and
- If the total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding element for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Additionally, any other governmental or enterprise fund that management believes is particularly significant to the basic financial statements may be reported as a major fund.

Internal service funds and fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Real estate and personal property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a particular function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include the following:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. However, the effect of interfund services provided and used between functions is not eliminated as the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions affected.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Real estate and personal property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Investment income is susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and tax revenues become measurable and available when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *community preservation act fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for funds held for uses restricted by law for community preservation purposes. These funds are attributable to the Town's acceptance of the Community Preservation Act, which allows the Town to impose up to a 1% surcharge on property taxes and to receive matching state grant funds for specified uses related to the acquisition, creation, preservation and support of open space, historic resources, land for recreational use and community housing.

The *affordable housing fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for activity related to the creation and preservation of affordable housing. The Town appropriates funds into the Trust through Town Meeting vote.

The *Town services fund* is a permanent fund used to account for the Town's cemetery and other trust funds that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support governmental programs.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of other special revenue and capital projects that are aggregated and presented in the *nonmajor governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

The special revenue fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than permanent funds or capital projects.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets of the governmental funds.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following major proprietary fund is reported:

The water enterprise fund is used to account for the Town's water activities.

Additionally, the following proprietary fund type is reported:

The *internal service fund* is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments or governmental units. This fund is used to account for risk financing activities related to employees' health insurance.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the governmental programs.

The following fiduciary fund types are reported:

The *other postemployment benefit trust fund* is used to accumulate resources to provide funding for future other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities.

The *private purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements that exclusively benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Some of these trusts have donor restrictions and trustee policies that do not allow the endowment portion and any unrealized appreciation to be spent. The restrictions and trustee policies only allows the trustees to approve spending of the realized investment earnings. The Town's private purpose trust fund is primarily comprised of scholarships.

D. Cash and Investments

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value. The fair values were determined by the closing price for those securities traded on national stock exchanges and at the average bid-and-asked quotation for those securities traded in the over-the-counter market.

E. Fair Value Measurements

The Town reports required types of financial instruments in accordance with the fair value standards. These standards require an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs (such as quoted prices in active markets) and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (such as appraisals or valuation techniques) to determine fair value. Fair value standards also require the government to classify these financial instruments into a three-level hierarchy, based on the priority of inputs to the valuation technique or in accordance with net asset value practical expedient rules, which allow for either Level 2 or Level 3 depending on lock up and notice periods associated with the underlying funds.

Instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical instruments as of the reporting date. Instruments, which are generally included in this category, include actively traded equity and debt securities, U.S. government obligations, and mutual funds with quoted market prices in active markets.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Certain fixed income securities, primarily corporate bonds, are classified as Level 2 because fair values are estimated using pricing models, matrix pricing, or discounted cash flows.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable for the instrument and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the instrument. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

In some instances, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy and is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Market price is affected by a number of factors, including the type of instrument and the characteristics specific to the instrument. Instruments with readily available active quoted prices generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value. It is reasonably possible that change in values of these instruments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect amounts reported in these financial statements. For more information on the fair value of the Town's financial instruments, see Note 2 – Cash and Investments.

F. Accounts Receivable

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Real Estate, Personal Property Taxes and Tax Liens

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied and based on values assessed on January 1st of every year. Assessed values are established by the Board of Assessor's for 100% of the estimated fair market value. Taxes are due on August 1st, November 1st, February 1st and May 1st and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Real estate and personal property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the year of the levy.

Real estate tax liens are processed yearly after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the year they are processed.

Real estate receivables are secured via the tax lien process and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectibles is not reported.

Personal property taxes cannot be secured through the lien process. The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Motor Vehicle and Other Excise Taxes

Motor vehicle excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle registered and are recorded as receivables in the year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair values of those vehicles. The tax calculation is the fair value of the vehicle multiplied by \$25 per \$1,000 of value. Boat excise taxes are assessed annually for each boat registered and are recorded as receivables in the year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of boats registered and the fair value of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of boats registered and the fair value of those boats. The tax calculation is the fair value of the boat multiplied by \$10 per \$1,000 of value; with a maximum table value of \$50,000.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

User Charges

Water and sewer user charges are levied monthly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Unbilled user charges are estimated at year-end and are recorded as revenue in the current period. Water and Sewer liens are processed in December of every year and included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Water and Sewer charges and liens are recorded as receivables in the year of the levy.

Since the receivables are secured via the lien process, these accounts are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Departmental and Other

Departmental and other receivables consist of veterans and ambulance receivables and are recorded as receivables in the year accrued. The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Special Assessments

Special assessments in the general fund consist of apportioned and unapportioned road improvement and septic system betterments assessed to homeowners whose properties were improved through Town-run construction projects.

Since the receivables are secured via the lien process, these accounts are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Intergovernmental

Various federal and state grants for operating and capital purposes are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, receivables are recorded as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, receivables are recorded when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Inventories

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Such inventories are not material in total to the government-wide and fund financial statements, and therefore are not reported.

H. Capital Assets

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include land, improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, water mains, sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity column of the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets; donated works of art, historical treasurers and similar assets; and capital assets

received in service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value. Except for the capital assets of the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements, construction period interest is capitalized on constructed capital assets.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year. All major general infrastructure assets acquired or significantly reconstructed in years ending after June 30, 1980, have been recorded at estimated historical cost.

Capital assets (excluding land and construction in progress) are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

Capital Asset Type	Estimated Useful Life (in years)
Buildings and builing improvements	40
Plant, facilities and infrastructure	20-40
Vehicles	5-15
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10
Improvements	10-20

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized and are treated as expenses when incurred. Improvements are capitalized.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Capital asset costs are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund in the year of the purchase.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Net Position)

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has reported taxes paid in advance, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in this category.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents amounts that have been recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is not available and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until it becomes available. The

Town has recorded taxes paid in advance and unavailable revenue as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, transactions occur between and within individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of net position as "internal balances".

Fund Financial Statements

Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between and within funds are *not* eliminated from the individual fund statements. Receivables and payables resulting from these transactions are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

K. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, resources are permanently reallocated between and within funds. These transactions are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transfers between and within governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of activities. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers, net".

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers between and within funds are *not* eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

L. Unavailable Revenue

Unavailable revenue at the governmental fund financial statement level represents billed receivables that do not meet the available criterion in accordance with the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, i.e. receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenue is recognized as revenue in the conversion to the government-wide (full accrual) financial statements.

M. Net Position and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Net Position)

Net position reported as "net investment in capital assets" includes capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the principal balance of outstanding debt used to acquire capital assets. Unspent proceeds of

capital related debt are not considered to be capital assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when amounts are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net position has been "restricted for" the following:

"Perpetual care and other permanent funds - expendable" represents the amount of realized and unrealized investment earnings of donor restricted trusts. The restrictions and trustee policies only allows the trustees to approve spending of the realized investment earnings.

"Perpetual care and other permanent funds - nonexpendable" represents the endowment portion of donor restricted trusts.

"Gifts and grants" represents restrictions placed on assets from outside parties.

"Community preservation" represents amounts held for uses restricted by law for community preservation purposes.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Financial Statements (Fund Balances)

Governmental fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

"Nonspendable" fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

"Restricted" fund balance includes amounts subject to constraints placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

"Committed" fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of Open Town Meeting, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Town Meeting is the highest level of decision making authority that can, by majority vote of a warrant article at an open Town Meeting, commit funds for a specific purpose. Once voted, the limitation imposed by the vote remains in place until the funds are used for their intended purpose, the purpose no longer exists, or a vote is taken to modify the commitment.

"Assigned" fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Town's by-laws authorize the Town Accountant to assign fund balance which generally only exists temporarily. Additional action does not have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

"Unassigned" fund balance includes the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only governmental fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from different components of fund balance. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When different components of fund balance can be used for the same purpose, it is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted first, followed by committed fund balance, and assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of both the Plymouth County Retirement Association and the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Long-term Debt

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. Material bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual bond proceeds received, are reported as general government expenditures.

P. Investment Income

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Law (MGL).

Investment income from proprietary funds is voluntarily assigned and transferred to the general fund.

Q. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws and executive policies.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as liabilities and expensed as incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, which will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities upon maturity of the liability.

R. Use of Estimates

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

S. Fund Deficits

Individual deficits exists at June 30, 2021, within the capital equipment and the seawall repairs capital project funds. These deficits will be funded with grant funds and bond proceeds in subsequent years.

T. Total Column

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The total column presented on the government-wide financial statements represents consolidated financial information.

Fund Financial Statements

The total column on the fund financial statements is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column is not the equivalent of consolidated financial information.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents". The deposits and investments of the trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

Statutes authorize the investment in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market accounts, bank deposits and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (Pool). The Treasurer may also invest trust funds in securities, other than mortgages or collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds of savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth.

The Pool meets the criteria of an external investment pool. The Pool is administered by the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), which was established by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth who serves as Trustee. The fair value of the position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, the custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure the Town's deposits may not be recovered. At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits totaled \$29,840,206 and the bank balance totaled \$32,572,279. Of the bank balance, \$2,000,054 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$4,658,808 was covered by Depositors Insurance Fund, \$25,070,373 was collateralized, and \$843,044 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Town's investment policy limits its custodial credit risk by 1) pre-qualifying banks, 2) diversifying its investments across several banks and 3) collateralizing deposits where practical.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investments of \$14,751,963 in debt securities and \$15,120,836 in equity securities are exposed to custodial credit risk as the securities are uninsured. The shares of MMDT and open-end mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The securities are registered to Dunn & Co. as nominee for the Town of Duxbury. The Town of Duxbury's investment policy allows for custodial safekeeping in the name of a nominee. It also requires proof that securities purchased from any bank or dealer be provided to the Treasurer and recorded on the Town's books.

Investments

		Maturities							
Investment Type	Fair value		Under 1 Year		1-5 Years		6-10 Years	-	Over 10 Years
Debt securities:									
U.S. treasury notes\$	9,087,632	\$	3,051,826	\$	4,080,793	\$	1,654,137	\$	300,876
Government sponsored enterprises	2,676,325		303,862		2,227,535		90,829		54,099
Corporate bonds	2,734,503		152,346		2,109,218		472,939		-
Municipal bonds	253,503		-		-		-	-	253,503
Total debt securities	14,751,963	\$	3,508,034	\$	8,417,546	\$	2,217,905	\$	608,478
Other investments:									
Equity securities	15,120,836								
Fixed income mutual funds	2,946,952								
Money market mutual funds	443,036								
MMDT - Cash portfolio	1,225,324	-							
Total investments\$ _	34,488,111	_							

As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Duxbury had the following investments:

The Town participates in MMDT, which maintains a cash portfolio with combined average maturities of approximately 3 months.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates and to match investment maturities with anticipated cash flow requirements. The Town's investment policy requires investments of operating funds to have a maturity of one year or less from the date of purchase. The Town limits their maximum final stated maturities for other investments to ten (10) years, unless specific authority is given to exceed this limit. Additionally, the policy does not permit the direct investment in securities maturing more than ten (10) years from date of purchase unless the maturities are matched to specific cash flow requirements. Reserve funds are permitted to be invested in securities exceeding ten (10) years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide, as nearly as practicable, with the expected use of the funds.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer. At June 30, 2021, the Town's investments were rated as follows:

Quality Rating	Government Sponsored Enterprises	Corporate Bonds	Municipal Bonds
AA+\$	2,676,325	\$ 27,078	\$ 253,503
AA	-	27,117	-
A+	-	425,390	-
A	-	78,801	-
A	-	263,774	-
BBB+	-	1,912,343	
Total \$	2,676,325	\$ 2,734,503	\$ 253,503

The Town's investment in equity securities, fixed income mutual funds and money market mutual funds are unrated. The Town's investment in MMDT is unrated.

The Town's investment policy states that bank deposits, including repurchase agreements; certificates of deposit; and demand deposits, that exceed the FDIC insured amount are to be made in banks or savings and loan associations with a Moody's Rating of A3 or above; a Standard & Poor's and Finch rating of A or above; or a Thompson Bond Watch Rating of A or B.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount the government may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Town's investments are in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation which had 7% of the total investments.

Fair Value of Investments

The Town holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the Town's mission, the Town determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The Town chooses a tabular format for disclosing the levels within the fair value hierarchy.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
Investment Type	June 30, 2021	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Investments measured at fair value:						
Debt securities:						
U.S. treasury notes\$	9,087,632 \$	9,087,632 \$	- \$	-		
Government sponsored enterprises	2,676,325	2,676,325	-	-		
Corporate bonds	2,734,503	-	2,734,503	-		
Municipal bonds	253,503	253,503	-			
Total debt securities	14,751,963	12,017,460	2,734,503			
Other investments:						
Equity securities	15,120,836	15,120,836	-	-		
Fixed income mutual funds	2,946,952	2,946,952	-	-		
Money market mutual funds	443,036	443,036	-			
Total other investments	18,510,824	18,510,824	<u> </u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	33,262,787 \$	30,528,284 \$	2,734,503 \$			
Investments measured at amortized cost: MMDT - Cash portfolio	1,225,324					
Total investments\$	34,488,111					

U.S. treasury notes, government sponsored enterprises, municipal bonds, equity securities, fixed income mutual funds, and money market mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Corporate bonds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

MMDT Cash Portfolio investments are valued at amortized cost. Under the amortized cost method, an investment is valued initially at its cost and adjusted for the amount of interest income accrued each day over the term of the investment to account for any difference between the initial cost and the amount payable at its maturity. If

amortized cost is determined not to approximate fair value, the value of the portfolio securities will be determined under procedures established by the Advisor.

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2021, receivables for the individual major and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Allowance	
	Gross		for	Net
	Amount		Uncollectibles	Amount
Receivables:		•		
Real estate and personal property taxes \$	1,031,116	\$	(11,409)	\$ 1,019,707
Tax liens	413,068		-	413,068
Community preservation fund surtax	9,976		-	9,976
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	473,714		(103,194)	370,520
User charges	18,682		-	18,682
Departmental and other	441,688		(70,299)	371,389
Intergovernmental	569,764		-	569,764
Community preservation state share	184,200		-	184,200
Special assessments	53,359		-	53,359
Total\$	3,195,567	\$	(184,902)	\$ 3,010,665

At June 30, 2021, receivables for the water enterprise fund consist of the following:

			Allowance	
	Gross Amount	_	for Uncollectibles	Net Amount
Receivables:		•		
Water user charges \$	1,632,511	\$	- \$	1,632,511

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total
Receivables and other asset types:		•		
Real estate and personal property taxes	\$ 806,837	\$	-	\$ 806,837
Tax liens	410,412		2,656	413,068
Community preservation fund surtax	-		9,976	9,976
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes	370,520		-	370,520
User charges	18,682		-	18,682
Departmental and other	371,389		-	371,389
Intergovernmental - highway improvements	-		117,682	117,682
Community preservation state share	-		184,200	184,200
Special assessments	53,359		-	53,359
Tax foreclosures	 698,273	-		698,273
Total	\$ 2,729,472	\$	314,514	\$ 3,043,986

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities					
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	_	Balance
Governmental Activities:				_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land\$	40,293,732	\$ 2,194,644	\$ - \$	5	42,488,376
Construction in progress	6,064,755	408,014	(6,064,755)	-	408,014
Total capital assets not being depreciated	46,358,487	2,602,658	(6,064,755)	-	42,896,390
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and building improvements	201,499,373	6,301,215	-		207,800,588
Infrastructure	25,817,964	5,485,137	(276,531)		31,026,570
Vehicles	8,868,910	370,306	(1,080,884)		8,158,332
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7,745,731	801,077	(319,268)		8,227,540
Improvements	11,518,545	56,790	<u> </u>	-	11,575,335
Total capital assets being depreciated	255,450,523	13,014,525	(1,676,683)	-	266,788,365
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and building improvements	(42,320,235)	(4,957,463)	-		(47,277,698)
Infrastructure	(15,841,049)	(1,016,328)	276,531		(16,580,846)
Vehicles	(5,951,264)	(648,066)	1,080,884		(5,518,446)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(5,051,163)	(526,480)	319,268		(5,258,375)
Improvements	(9,705,549)	(209,588)	-	-	(9,915,137)
Total accumulated depreciation	(78,869,260)	(7,357,925)	1,676,683	-	(84,550,502)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	176,581,263	5,656,600	<u> </u>	_	182,237,863
Total governmental activities capital assets, net $\$$	222,939,750	\$ 8,259,258	\$ (6,064,755) \$	5 =	225,134,253

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Water:		-					
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land\$	3,299,437	\$	-	\$	- (\$	3,299,437
Construction in progress	2,577,638		-		(2,577,638)	-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,877,075		-		(2,577,638)	-	3,299,437
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant, facilities and infrastructure	24,005,884		3,272,976		(402,527)		26,876,333
Equipment and motor vehicles	657,158	•	272,862	•	(27,632)	-	902,388
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,663,042	· •	3,545,838		(430,159)	-	27,778,721
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant, facilities and infrastructure	(15,930,879)		(829,474)		402,527		(16,357,826)
Equipment and motor vehicles	(465,952)		(41,109)		27,632	-	(479,429)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,396,831)		(870,583)		430,159	-	(16,837,255)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,266,211	· •	2,675,255			-	10,941,466
Total water activities capital assets, net \$	14,143,286	\$	2,675,255	\$	(2,577,638)	\$ _	14,240,903

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$	136,474
Public safety		929,859
Education		4,574,750
Public works		1,163,823
Health and human services		118,969
Culture and recreation		290,366
Community preservation	_	143,684
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ _	7,357,925
Business-Type Activities:		
Water	\$	870,583

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

-			Tra	ans	fers In:		
Transfers Out:	General fund	_	Community preservation act	_	Nonmajor governmental funds	Total	
General fund\$ Affordable housing Nonmajor governmental funds	- - 441,262	\$	- 9,217 -	\$	354,426 	\$ 354,426 9,217 651,222	(1) (2) (3)
Total \$ _	441,262	\$	9,217	\$	564,386	\$ 1,014,865	:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

- (1) Represents budgeted transfers from the general fund to fund deficits in the nonmajor governmental fund totaling \$445,366 in Town gifts and grants, and \$216,000 for payment of a temporary note.
- (2) Represents a transfer from the affordable housing trust to the community preservation fund.
- (3) Represents budgeted transfers to the general fund from PEG access, receipts reserved for appropriation, and miscellaneous capital projects fund to establish the capital stabilization fund. Also represents transfers to the general fund from recreation revolving and school gifts and grants.

NOTE 6 – SHORT-TERM FINANCING

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes (RANS or TANS).
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANS) or grant anticipation notes (GANS).

Short-term loans are general obligations and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures and expenses for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the general fund and water enterprise fund, respectively.

Details related to the short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented on the following page.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Туре	Purpose	Rate (%)	Due Date		Balance at June 30, 2020	 Renewed/ Issued	Retired/ Redeemed	_	Balance at June 30, 2021
Govern	mental Funds:								
BAN	Municipal Purpose	1.21%	04/14/21	\$	618,101	\$ -	\$ (618,101)	\$	-
BAN	Municipal Purpose	1.25%	04/12/22		-	1,552,101	-		1,552,101
BAN	Municipal Purpose	0.38%	04/12/22		-	 550,000	-	_	550,000
	Total Governmental Funds			\$	618,101	\$ 2,102,101	\$ (618,101)	\$ _	2,102,101
Water E	nterprise Fund:								
BAN	Municipal Purpose	1.21%	04/14/21	\$	1,250,000	\$ -	\$ (1,250,000)	\$	-
BAN	Municipal Purpose	1.25%	04/12/22	-	-	 1,415,000	-	_	1,415,000
	Total Water Enterprise Fund			\$	1,250,000	\$ 1,415,000	\$ (1,250,000)	\$	1,415,000

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Under the provisions of Chapter 44, Section 10, Municipal Law authorizes indebtedness up to a limit of 5% of the equalized valuation. Debt issued in accordance with this section of the law is designated as being "inside the debt limit". In addition, however, debt may be authorized in excess of that limit for specific purposes. Such debt, when issued, is designated as being "outside the debt limit."

Details related to the outstanding indebtedness at June 30, 2021, and the debt service requirements are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds Payable Schedule – Governmental Funds

Project	Maturities Through	Original Loan Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Outstanding at June 30, 2021
General Obligation Bonds Payable:				
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2010	2023 \$	2,950,000	2.00-5.00 \$	765,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2013	2038	82,575,000	3.00-4.00	54,960,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2014	2024	2,200,000	2.00-3.00	660,000
Municipal Purpose Refunding Loans of 2014	2023	425,000	2.00-3.00	80,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2015	2025	4,500,000	2.00-3.00	1,800,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2017	2027	3,185,000	4.00	1,895,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2019	2034	2,985,000	5.00	2,345,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds Payable				62,505,000
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds				3,251,548
Total Bonds Payable, net			\$	65,756,548

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for governmental general obligation bonds and direct borrowings payable in future years are as follows:

	General	Obligation Bonds Pa	ayable
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2022\$	5,125,000 \$	2,105,906 \$	7,230,906
2023	5,115,000	1,906,513	7,021,513
2024	4,900,000	1,730,388	6,630,388
2025	4,680,000	1,566,375	6,246,375
2026	4,040,000	1,404,300	5,444,300
2027	4,040,000	1,276,850	5,316,850
2028	3,725,000	1,131,550	4,856,550
2029	3,305,000	989,400	4,294,400
2030	3,305,000	858,750	4,163,750
2031	3,305,000	728,100	4,033,100
2032	3,305,000	597,450	3,902,450
2033	3,305,000	482,550	3,787,550
2034	2,995,000	388,050	3,383,050
2035	2,840,000	298,200	3,138,200
2036	2,840,000	213,000	3,053,000
2037	2,840,000	127,800	2,967,800
2038	2,840,000	42,600	2,882,600
Total\$	62,505,000 \$	15,847,782 \$	78,352,782

General Obligation Bonds Payable Schedule – Water Enterprise Fund

Project	Maturities Through	Original Loan Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Outstanding at June 30, 2021
General Obligation Bonds Payable:				
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2008	2023	\$ 1,700,000	3.00-3.85 \$	170,000
Municipal Purpose Loans of 2019	2028	1,260,000	5.00	960,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds Payable Direct Borrowings Payable:		 	······	1,130,000
Massachusetts Clean Water Trust of 2009	2029	3,150,000	2.00	1,407,834
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds		 		80,482
Total Bonds Payable, net		 	\$	2,618,316

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for water enterprise fund general obligation bonds and direct borrowings payable in future years are as follows:

	Gene	ral	Obligation Bonds	s Pa	ayable
Year	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 245,000	\$	52,622	\$	297,622
2023	215,000		42,099		257,099
2024	145,000		33,500		178,500
2025	145,000		26,250		171,250
2026	145,000		19,000		164,000
2027	135,000		11,750		146,750
2028	100,000		5,000		105,000
Total	\$ 1,130,000	\$	190,221	\$	1,320,221
	D	irec	t Borrowings Pa	yab	le
Year	D Principal	irec	t Borrowings Pa Interest	yab	le Total
Year		irec	<u> </u>	yab	
Year	\$	irec \$	<u> </u>	yab \$	
	\$ Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ Principal 163,909		Interest 26,518		Total 190,427
2022 2023	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221		Interest 26,518 23,206		Total 190,427 190,427
2022 2023 2024	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221 170,599		Interest 26,518 23,206 19,828		Total 190,427 190,427 190,427
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221 170,599 174,045		Interest 26,518 23,206 19,828 16,382		Total 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221 170,599 174,045 177,561		Interest 26,518 23,206 19,828 16,382 12,866		Total 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221 170,599 174,045 177,561 181,149		Interest 26,518 23,206 19,828 16,382 12,866 9,278		Total 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ Principal 163,909 167,221 170,599 174,045 177,561 181,149 184,808		Interest 26,518 23,206 19,828 16,382 12,866 9,278 5,619		Total 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427 190,427

The Town is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit. At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following authorized and unissued debt:

Purpose	Amount
Chandler School HVAC\$ Land Acquisition Seawall Repairs	867,300 75,000 3,909,770
Total\$ _	4,852,070

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Beginning Balance	Bonds and Notes Issued	Bonds and Notes Redeemed	Other Increases	Other Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Long-term general obligation bonds payable \$	68,445,000 \$	- 9	\$ (5,940,000) \$	- \$	- \$	62,505,000 \$	5,125,000
Long-term direct borrowings payable	10,905	-	(10,905)	-	-	-	-
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds	3,737,607	8,867	(494,926)	-	-	3,251,548	438,285
Total bonds payable	72,193,512	8,867	(6,445,831)	-	-	65,756,548	5,563,285
Compensated absences	1,841,000	-	-	1,453,200	(1,528,300)	1,765,900	1,501,500
Workers' compensation	254,197	-	-	46,201	(254,197)	46,201	46,201
Net pension liability	34,212,268	-	-	3,676,551	(7,266,023)	30,622,796	-
Net other postemployment benefits	39,841,273	-	-	4,995,726	(4,821,599)	40,015,400	-
Total governmental activity long-term liabilities\$=	148,342,250 \$	8,867	§ <u>(6,445,831)</u> \$	10,171,678 \$	(13,870,119) \$	138,206,845 \$	7,110,986
Business-Type Activities:							
Long-term general obligation bonds payable \$	1,385,000 \$	- 9	\$ (255,000) \$	- \$	- \$	1,130,000 \$	245,000
Long-term direct borrowings payable	1,568,498	-	(160,664)	-	-	1,407,834	163,909
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds	104,725	-	(24,243)	-	-	80,482	20,967
Total bonds payable	3,058,223	-	(439,907)	-	-	2,618,316	429,876
Compensated absences	38,700	-	-	60,400	(38,700)	60,400	44,600
Net pension liability	1,172,377	-	-	110,963	(294,955)	988,385	-
Net other postemployment benefits	1,072,397			233,554	(161,307)	1,144,644	
Total business-type activity long-term liabilities\$	5,341,697 \$		\$ <u>(439,907)</u> \$	404,917 \$	(494,962) \$	4,811,745 \$	474,476

Long term liabilities related to both governmental and business-type activities are normally paid from the general fund and enterprise funds, respectively.

NOTE 8 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The Town classifies fund balance according to constraints imposed on the uses of those resources.

There are two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund. The Town has reported principal portions of endowment funds as nonspendable.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, spendable fund balances are classified based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- <u>Restricted</u>: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u>: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority.
- <u>Assigned</u>: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose.

• <u>Unassigned</u>: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose. As of June 30, 2021, the governmental fund balances consisted of the following:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

-	General	Community Preservation Act	Affordable Housing	Town Services Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Tota Governm Fund
d Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Permanent fund principal\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,412,793	\$-	\$ 2,412
Restricted for:				. , ,		,
Debt service - interest	3,294,348	_		_	_	3,294
Community Preservation Act	0,204,040	1,239,621				1,239
		1,203,021	1 042 750			1,043
Affordable Housing	-	-	1,043,750	0 761 461	-	2,761
Town Services Fund	-	-	-	2,761,461	-	
School Lunch	-	-	-	-	591,239	591
School Gifts and Grants	-	-	-	-	966,147	966
School Revolving	-	-	-	-	3,001,829	3,001
Recreation Revolving	-	-	-	-	10,000	10
Receipts Reserved for Appropriations	-	-	-	-	1,688,234	1,688
Town Gifts and Grants	-	-	-	-	92,975	92
Town Revolving	-	-	-	-	90,304	90
Other Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	48,629	48
Special Revenue Trust Funds	-	-	-	-	193,052	193
Committed to:						
Articles and continuing appropriations:						
Selectmen	298,710	_	-	_	-	298
Information systems	280,205	_		_	_	280
Human resources	150,035					150
Town clerk		-	-	-	-	
	82,152	-	-	-	-	82
Conservation	8,544	-	-	-	-	8
Planning board	74,224	-	-	-	-	74
Facilities management	88,283	-	-	-	-	88
Fire	4,315	-	-	-	-	4
Harbormaster/beach management	15,256	-	-	-	-	15
Education	51,234	-	-	-	-	51
Department of public works management	36,026	-	-	-	-	36
Land and natural resources	40,012	-	-	-	-	40
Engineering	423,656	-	-	-	-	423
Cemetery	17,106	-	-	-	-	17
Recreation	2,500	-	-	-	-	2
Pool	110,000	_		_	_	110
Public celebrations	15,000					15
	15,000	-	-	-	-	16
Assigned to:	40 540					
Information systems	12,518	-	-	-	-	12
Accounting	1,408	-	-	-	-	1
Assessor	1,408	-	-	-	-	1
Treasurer/Collector	1,000	-	-	-	-	1
Human resources	1,076	-	-	-	-	1
Conservation	150	-	-	-	-	
Police	7,568	-	-	-	-	7
Municipal services	3,118	-	-	-	-	3
Education	376,372	-	-	-	-	376
Highway department	357	-	-	-	-	
Transfer station	405	-	-	-	-	
Sewer department	780	_		_	_	
						1.
Council on aging	14,083	-	-	-	-	14
Library	2,155	-	-	-	-	2
Recreation	354	-	-	-	-	
Pool	725	-	-	-	-	
Lifeguards	400	-	-	-	-	
Free cash used for subsequent year budget	216,000	-	-	-	-	216
Unassigned	16,189,806				(1,522,188)	14,667

Massachusetts General Law Ch.40 §5B allows for the establishment of Stabilization funds for one or more different purposes on an as needed basis. The creation of a fund requires a two-thirds vote of the legislative body and must clearly define the purpose of the fund. Any change to the purpose of the fund and any appropriations from the fund requires a two-thirds vote of the legislative body. The stabilization fund balance can be used for general and/or capital purposes upon approval of Town Meeting. Additions to and withdrawals from the funds can

only be made upon Town Meeting approval. In accordance with Massachusetts General Law the Town has established various stabilization funds.

At year end, the balances of the Town's stabilization funds along with the Massachusetts General Law they were established from are as follows:

Massachusetts General Law	Fund	Balance at June 30, 2021
Chapter 40 § 5B	General stabilization fund\$	5,233,162
Chapter 40 § 5D	Pension trust stabilization fund	1,597,275
Chapter 40 § 5E	Unemployment trust fund	280,411
Chapter 40 § 13D	Compensated absences stabilization fund	274,736
Chapter 40 § 13E	Special education stabilization fund	683,646
Chapter 40 § 5B	Capital stabilization fund	681,419

These stabilization funds are reported as a component of unassigned fund balance in the general fund. The pension trust stabilization fund is distinct and separate from the System information in Note 11. The purpose of the fund is to provide a reserve to meet future annual contributions to the Pension System.

The committed balances in the General Fund are articles carried forward to next year. With the exception of free cash used to fund the 2022 budget, assigned balances in the General Fund are encumbrances carried forward to next year. The detail of each article and encumbrance is included in the budgetary comparison schedule presented as required supplementary information.

NOTE 9 – COMMUNITY PRESERVATION FUNDS

In March of 2001, the Town approved the Community Preservation Act (CPA) which allows the Town to impose a surcharge on property taxes and to receive matching state funds for specified uses related to the acquisition, creation, preservation and support of open space, historic resources, land for recreational use and community housing. The CPA requires that the Town spend or set aside for later spending a minimum of 10% of annual revenues for open space, a minimum of 10% of annual revenues for historic resources and a minimum of 10% of annual revenues for community housing.

In accordance with the CPA, the Town has approved a bylaw establishing a Community Preservation Committee (CPC) to study the needs, possibilities and resources of the Town regarding community preservation and to make recommendations for Town Meeting approval to fund eligible projects using CPA funds.

As of June 30, 2021, the CPA fund has a balance of \$1,239,621 and is reported as a major fund in the governmental funds financial statements.

NOTE 10 – RISK FINANCING

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

The Town is self-insured for employee health insurance activities and unemployment benefits. These activities are accounted for in the Town's Internal Service Fund where revenues are recorded when earned and expenditures recorded when the liability is incurred.

(a) Employee Health Insurance

The Town estimates its Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims based on a multi-year analysis of average claims paid. The Town purchases individual stop loss insurance for claims in excess of the coverage provided by the Town in the amount of \$100,000 per claim. At June 30, 2021, the amount of the liability for health insurance claims totaled \$1,348,696. This liability is the Town's best estimate based on available information. The Town has elected to record a conservative estimate using the high range of the estimated potential liability. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimate	 Claims Payments	Balance at Year-End
2020\$ 2021	997,347 997,608	\$ 10,839,218 11,228,898	\$ (10,838,957) \$ (10,877,810)	997,608 1,348,696

(b) Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation claims are administered by a third-party administrator and are funded on a payas-you-go basis from annual appropriations. The estimated future workers' compensation liability is based on history and injury type. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimate	Claims Payments	Balance at Year-End	Current Portion
2020\$ 2021	271,625 254,197	\$ 262,501 106,468	\$ (279,929) (314,464)	\$ 254,197 46,201	\$ 133,428 46,201

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN

Plan Descriptions

The Town is a member of the Plymouth County Retirement Association (PCRA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering eligible employees of the 52 member units. The PCRA is administered by five board members (Board) on behalf of all current employees and retirees except for current teachers and retired teachers. Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. The audited financial report may be obtained by visiting <u>http://www.pcr-ma.org</u>.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Town is a member of the Massachusetts Teachers' Retirement System (MTRS), a cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit plan. MTRS is managed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (Commonwealth) on behalf of municipal teachers and municipal teacher retirees. The Commonwealth is a nonemployer contributor and is responsible for 100% of the contributions and future benefit requirements of the MTRS. The MTRS covers certified teachers in cities (except Boston), towns, regional school districts, charter schools, educational collaboratives and Quincy College. The MTRS is part of the Commonwealth's reporting entity and the audited financial report may be obtained by visiting <u>http://www.mass.gov/osc/publications-and-reports/financial-reports/</u>.

Special Funding Situation

The Commonwealth is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make 100% of all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of the Town to the MTRS. Therefore, the Town is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and the Commonwealth is a nonemployer contributor in MTRS. Since the Town does not contribute directly to MTRS, there is no net pension liability to recognize. The total of the Commonwealth provided contributions have been allocated based on each employer's covered payroll to the total covered payroll of employers in MTRS as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The Town's portion of the collective pension expense, contributed by the Commonwealth, of \$11,330,361 is reported in the general fund as intergovernmental revenue and pension expense in the current fiscal year. The portion of the Commonwealth's collective net pension liability associated with the Town is \$91,733,169 as of the measurement date.

Benefits Provided

Both Systems provide retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System benefits are, with certain minor exceptions, uniform from system to system. The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. For persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012, average salary is the average annual rate of regular compensation received during the five consecutive years that produce the highest average, or, if greater, during the last five years (whether or not consecutive) preceding retirement. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation, and group classification. Members become vested after ten years of creditable service.

Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance or are under the age of 55 are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deductions. Survivor benefits are extended to eligible beneficiaries of members whose death occurs prior to or following retirement.

Cost-of-living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1997 and any increase in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth's state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the pension fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be approved by the Board and are borne by the System.

Contributions

Chapter 32 of the MGL governs the contributions of plan members and member units. Active plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 9% of gross regular compensation with an additional 2% contribution required for compensation exceeding \$30,000. The percentage rate is keyed to the date upon which an employee's membership commences. The member units are required to pay into the PCRA a legislatively mandated actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on active current payroll. The Town's proportionate share of the required contribution which equaled it's actual contribution for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$4,334,944, 23.52% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with plan member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned

by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The required contribution is payable on July 1 and January 1. Employers may choose to pay the entire appropriation in July at a discounted rate. The Town's payment of \$4,334,944 reflects the discounted rate paid as of July 1.

Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$31,611,181 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2020, the Town's proportion was 5.393%, which increased by 0.206% from its proportion measured at December 31, 2019 of 5.187%.

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized a net pension expense of \$3,830,589. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$3,956,924 and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$3,226,034.

The balances of deferred outflows/(inflows) related to pensions consist of the following:

Deferred Category	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,635,231 - 330,561 991,132	\$ (3,136,806) - (89,228)	\$	2,635,231 (3,136,806) 330,561 901,904
Total deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources\$	3,956,924	\$ (3,226,034)	\$_	730,890

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022 2023	1,321,417 (1,180,828)
Total	\$ 730,890

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	January 1, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method.
Asset valuation method	Assets held by the fund are valued at market value as reported by the Public Employees' Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC). The actuarial value of assets is determined using a five-year smoothing of asset returns greater than or less than the assumed rate of return, with a 20% corridor.
Projected salary increases	3.75% per year.
Cost of living adjustments	3.0% of the first \$16,000 of retirement income.
Rates of disability	For general employees, it was assumed that 45% of all disabilities are ordinary (55% are service connected). For police and fire employees, 10% of all disabilities are assumed to be ordinary (90% are service connected).
Investment rate of return/Discount rate	7.875% nominal rate, net of investment expense.
Mortality rates	It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational. Mortality for retired members for Group 1 and 2 is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward five years for males and 3 years for females, fully generational. Mortality for retired members for Group 4 is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward three years for males, and six years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members for Group 1 and 2 is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward six years. Mortality for disabled members for Group 4 is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward six years. Mortality for disabled members for Group 4 is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years. Generational adjusting is based on Scale MP-2016.

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board and pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws and Public Employee Retirement Administration guidelines. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

The investment objective is to fully fund the Plan by generating sufficient long-term inflation adjusted capital appreciation while providing sufficient liquidity to meet short-term withdrawal requirements. The Board desires to balance the goal of higher long-term returns with the goal of minimizing contribution volatility, recognizing these are often competing goals. This requires taking both assets and liabilities into account when setting investment strategy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of January 1, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return
Domestic equity	27.00%	6.80%
International developed equity	4.00%	7.10%
Emerging markets equity	10.00%	8.10%
Global equity	11.00%	7.10%
Core bonds	9.00%	1.80%
Value-added fixed income	9.00%	4.00%
Hedge funds	6.00%	4.30%
Real estate	9.00%	6.90%
Private equity	8.00%	9.10%
Real assets	6.00%	8.10%
Cash	1.00%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.91%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.875% as of December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.875%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.875%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.875%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.875%)	Current Discount (7.875%)	1% Increase (8.875%)
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability\$	43,726,237	\$ 31,611,181	\$ 23,062,401

Changes in Assumptions

None.

Changes in Plan Provisions

None.

NOTE 12 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Plan Description

The Town of Duxbury administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (Plan). The Plan provides lifetime healthcare and life insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health and life insurance plans, which covers both active and retired members. Chapter 32B of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. Benefit provisions are negotiated between the Town and the unions representing Town employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are also negotiated between the Town and union representatives. The required contribution is based on a pay-as-you-go financing requirement. The Town contributes 50% of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. Plan members receiving benefits contribute the remaining 50% of their premium costs. Administrative costs of the plan are assumed to be included in plan premiums. For 2021, the Town recorded a contribution equal to the actuarially determined benefit payment of

approximately \$2.7 million. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's average contribution rate was 5.60% of covered-employee payroll.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts passed special legislation that has allowed the Town to establish a postemployment benefit trust fund and to enable the Town to raise taxes necessary to begin pre-funding its OPEB liabilities.

The Town has pre-funded future OPEB liabilities by contributing funds to the Other Postemployment Benefit Fund in excess of the pay-as-you-go required contribution. These funds are reported within the Fiduciary Funds financial statements. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of this fund totaled \$4,278,839.

The annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments was 26.00%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Plan Membership

The following table represents the Plan's membership at July 1, 2019:

Active members	606
Inactive members currently receiving benefits	544
Total	1,150

Components of OPEB Liability

The following table represents the components of the Plan's OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021:

Total OPEB liability Less: OPEB plan's fiduciary net position		
Net OPEB liability	\$ _	41,160,044
The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		9.42%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date that was updated to June 30, 2021, as follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method.
Asset-valuation method	Market value of assets as of the measurement date, June 30, 2021.
Investment rate of return	6.62%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Municipal bond rate	2.18% as of June 30, 2021 (source: S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index - SAPIHG).
Discount rate	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Inflation	2.50% as of June 30, 2021, and for future periods.
Salary increases	3.00% annually as of June 30, 2021, and for future periods.
Medical care inflation rate	4.50%
Pre-retirement mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Employees projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.
Post-retirement mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.
Disabled mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.

Investment Policy

The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Select Board by a majority vote of its members. The OPEB plan's assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan. The long-term real rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using the Town's investment policy.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the table on the following page.

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity - Large cap	47.00%	4.90%
Domestic equity - Small/mid cap	6.00%	5.40%
International equity - Developed market	5.75%	5.32%
International equity - Emerging market	2.75%	6.26%
Domestic fixed income	20.00%	1.40%
International fixed income	2.00%	1.30%
Alternatives	9.50%	6.32%
Real estate	5.75%	6.25%
Cash and cash equivalents	1.25%	0.00%
Total	100.00%	

Sensitivity of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net other postemployment benefit liability and service cost, calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the net other postemployment benefit liability and service cost would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
	(5.25%)		(6.25%)	,	(7.25%)		
Net OPEB liability\$	47,205,247	\$	41,160,044	\$	36,225,240		

Sensitivity of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend

The following table presents the net other postemployment benefit liability and service cost, calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the net other postemployment benefit liability and service cost would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher.

	1% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability\$	35,596,611	\$	41,160,044	\$ 48,027,997

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25% as of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made in accordance with the Town's funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to be insufficient to make all projected benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB Plan assets is applied to the projected benefits payments which the Fiduciary Net Position is expected to be sufficient to cover and the Municipal Bond Rate is applied thereafter.

The Municipal Bond Rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 – Year High Grade Index ("SAPIHG"), which was 2.18% as of June 30, 2021. The S&P Municipal Bond 20 - Year High Grade Index is the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rate of AA/Aa or higher.

The Town's net other postemployment benefits liability was determined based on a projection of employer and employee contributions, benefit payments (with and without subsidy), expenses and the long-term expected rate of return on the other postemployment trust assets which resulted in a selected discount rate of 6.25%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	 Increase (Decrease)					
	 Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020\$	\$ 43,778,129	\$	2,864,459	\$	40,913,670	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	1,066,291		-		1,066,291	
Interest	2,736,841		-		2,736,841	
Benefit payments	(2,142,378)		(2,142,378)		-	
Employer contributions	-		2,742,378		(2,742,378)	
Investment income	 -		814,380	_	(814,380)	
Net change	 1,660,754		1,414,380	_	246,374	
Balances at June 30, 2021 \$	\$ 45,438,883	\$	4,278,839	\$ _	41,160,044	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized an OPEB expense of \$1,187,513. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Category	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience\$ Difference between projected and actual earnings, net Changes in assumptions	- - 4,739,043	\$ (1,112,391) \$ (439,127) (6,173,766)	(1,112,391) (439,127) (1,434,723)
Total deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources\$	4,739,043	\$ (7,725,284) \$	(2,986,241)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2022 2023 2024 2025	-	(2,032,977) 460,681
Total	\$	(2,986,241)

Changes in Assumptions

None.

Changes in Plan Provisions

None.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town participates in a number of federal award programs. Although the grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* through June 30, 2021, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although it is expected such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various lawsuits, claims, and proceedings have been or may be instituted or asserted against the Town of Duxbury. While the amounts claimed may be substantial, the ultimate liability cannot be determined because of the considerable uncertainties that exist. Therefore, it is possible that there could be material negative outcomes for the Town affected by contingencies.

The general fund has various commitments for goods and services related to articles and encumbrances totaling \$1,697,258 and \$639,877, respectively.

NOTE 14 - COVID-19

On March 10, 2020, the Massachusetts Governor declared a state of emergency in response to the coronavirus outbreak. The World Health Organization officially declared the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic the following day. In an attempt to slow the spread of COVID-19, governments issued various stay at home orders that caused global economic shutdowns and substantial financial market impact. Starting in March 2020, the Governor continued to issue orders allowing governments to operate and carry out essential functions safely. These included modifying the state's Open Meeting Law, issuing a stay-at-home order, and introducing a phased approach to reopening State businesses. The Town is considered an essential business and although it was closed to the public for a period of time, departments remained operational and most employees continued to perform their daily duties.

A number of businesses have been forced to stop or significantly reduce operations decreasing, the Town's portion of certain revenue. The Town has also incurred unanticipated costs specifically related to the pandemic.

On March 27, 2020, the United States Federal Government established the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act in response to the economic downfall caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This Act requires that the payment from these funds be used only to cover expenses that; are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect COVID-19; were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020; and were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2021. The Commonwealth and communities throughout the Commonwealth were awarded a portion of this federal funding.

In addition to the CARES Act, on March 11, 2021, the United States Federal Government established the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to enhance the United States' recovery from the economic and health effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. This Act requires that the payment from these funds be used to cover costs related to; public health; negative economic impacts; services to disproportionately impacted communities; premium pay; infrastructure; revenue replacement; or administration. These funds can only be used to cover costs incurred between March 3, 2021, and December 31, 2024. The Commonwealth and communities throughout the Commonwealth were awarded a portion of this federal funding.

In addition to funding from the CARES Act and the ARPA Act, there are several other federal and state grants available. The full extent of the financial impact cannot be determined as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 15 - REVISION OF NET POSITION PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

Beginning net position of the governmental activities and the nonmajor governmental funds have been revised to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement #84. The revised balances are summarized in the following table:

-	06/30/2020 Previously Reported Balances	<u>.</u>	Implementation of GASB #84	 06/30/2020 Revised Balances
<i>Government-Wide Financial Statements</i> Governmental activities\$	115,921,260	\$	96,681	\$ 116,017,941
<i>Governmental Funds</i> Nonmajor governmental funds\$	5,814,313	\$	96,681	\$ 5,910,994

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 9, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 17 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

During 2021, the following GASB pronouncements were implemented:

- GASB <u>Statement #84</u>, *Fiduciary Activities*. The annual comprehensive financial report and related notes were updated to be in compliance with this pronouncement.
- GASB <u>Statement #90</u>, *Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements #14 and #61*. This pronouncement did not impact the annual comprehensive financial report.
- GASB <u>Statement #98</u>, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. The annual comprehensive financial report and related notes were updated to be in compliance with this pronouncement.

The following GASB pronouncements will be implemented in the future:

- The GASB issued <u>Statement #87</u>, *Leases*, which is required to be implemented in 2022.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #89</u>, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction *Period*, which is required to be implemented in 2022.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #91</u>, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which is required to be implemented in 2023.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #92</u>, *Omnibus 2020*, which is required to be implemented in 2022.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #93</u>, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, which is required to be implemented in 2022.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #94</u>, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which is required to be implemented in 2023.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #96</u>, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which is required to be implemented in 2023.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #97</u>, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which is required to be implemented in 2022.

Management is currently assessing the impact the implementation of these pronouncements will have on the basic financial statements.

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Required Supplementary Information

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL FUND							
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -							
BUDGET AND ACTUAL							

	Amount-	Budgeted Amo	unts		Activ	Amount	Verini	
	Amounts Carried Forward	Current Year Initial	Original	Final	Actual Budgetary	Amounts Carried Forward	Varianc to Fina	
NUES:	From Prior Year	Budget	Budget	Budget	Amounts	To Next Year	Budget	
al estate and personal property taxes,								
net of tax refunds	\$-\$	66,009,908 \$	66,009,908 \$	66,009,908 \$	65,769,998	\$-\$	(239,	
x liens	-	-	-	-	287,795	-	287,	
otor vehicle and other excise taxes	-	2,349,144 99,426	2,349,144 99,426	2,349,144 99,426	2,921,626 126,602	-	572, 27,	
gional dispatch member revenue	-	375,000	375,000	375,000	425,000	-	50.	
wer charges	-	163,231	163,231	163,231	232,989	-	69	
nalties and interest on taxes	-	178,282	178,282	178,282	376,019	-	197	
ash disposal	-	503,505	503,505	503,505	963,631	-	460	
yments in lieu of taxes	-	10,252	10,252	10,252	10,111	-		
ergovernmental - state aid	-	6,374,624	6,374,624	6,374,624	6,601,544	-	226	
ergovernmental - other	-	545	545	545	2,868	-	2	
partmental and other	-	3,315,788	3,315,788	3,315,788	5,012,815	-	1,697	
vestment income	<u> </u>	398,402	398,402	398,402	186,945	<u> </u>	(211	
TOTAL REVENUES	<u> </u>	79,778,107	79,778,107	79,778,107	82,917,943	·	3,139	
NDITURES:								
irrent:								
General government								
Town Meeting Expenditures	-	3,200	3,200	3,200	2,398	_		
Experiatures		3,200	3,200	3,200	2,390			
Town Moderator								
Salaries		40	40	40	-			
Selectmen		000.054	000.054	000.054	070 000		40	
Salaries Expenditures.	-	289,254	289,254	289,254	276,232	-	13	
Articles	40,460	13,683 8,750	13,683 49,210	13,683 299,210	12,777	298,710		
Total	40,460	311,687	352,147	602,147	289,009	298,710	14	
Finance Committee								
Expenditures	<u> </u>	450	450	450	210	<u> </u>		
Information Systems								
Salaries		296,596	296,596	296,596	197,323	_	99	
Expenditures	550	419,496	420,046	420,046	385,506	12,518	22	
Articles.	81,392	240,575	321,967	299,267	19,062	280,205		
Total	81,942	956,667	1,038,609	1,015,909	601,891	292,723	121	
Public Television Access Services								
Expenditures		303,475	303,475	245,669	245,669	<u> </u>		
Accounting								
Salaries	-	354,814	354,814	360,180	360,180	-		
Expenditures	-	12,105	12,105	12,105	10,342	1,408		
Total		366,919	366,919	372,285	370,522	1,408		
Audit		50,000	F0 000	50,000	47,960		2	
Expenditures		50,000	50,000	50,000	47,900		2	
Assessor								
Salaries	-	225,157	225,157	234,516	234,516	-		
Expenditures	-	22,000	22,000	28,000	25,880	1,408		
Articles	18,395	-	18,395	18,395	8,795		g	
Total	18,395	247,157	265,552	280,911	269,191	1,408	10	
T								
Treasurer/Collector Salaries	_	291,832	291,832	298,825	290,259	_	8	
Expenditures	3,767	115.352	119,119	296,625 115.352	290,259	1,000	0	
Total	3,767	407,184	410,951	414,177	404,599	1,000	8	
Legal		000 000	000 500	000 500	400			
Expenditures	360	200,200	200,560	200,560	163,767	<u> </u>	36	
Human Resources								
Salaries	-	139,537	139,537	143,199	143,199	-		
Expenditures	1,292	37,800	39.092	39,092	29,381	1,076	8	
Articles	53,192	182,390	235,582	187,201	37,165	150,035	0	
Total	54,484	359,727	414,211	369,492	209,745	151,111	8	
Town Clerk		400.040	400.040	400.040	453 055			
Salaries	-	168,210	168,210	168,210	157,953	-	10	
Expenditures	- 54,860	32,045 56,244	32,045 111,104	32,045 111,104	29,049 28,951	82,152	2	

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GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			ILINE 30 2021				
		YEAR ENDED					
	Amounts	Budgeted Arr Current Year	nounts		Actual	Amounts	Variance
	Carried Forward From Prior Year	Initial Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Amounts	Carried Forward To Next Year	to Final Budget
Conservation Salaries		150,381	150.381	150,381	142,452		7,929
Expenditures	-	13,615	13,615	13,615	142,452	150	7,929
Articles	10,029	26,000	36,029	36,029	26,970	8,544	515
Total	10,029	189,996	200,025	200,025	182,300	8,694	9,031
Planning Board							
Salaries	- 50	137,868	137,868 10,000	139,618 10,000	139,618 4,652	-	- 5,348
Expenditures		9,950	80,329	80,329	4,652 6,105	74,224	5,346
Total	80,379	147,818	228,197	229,947	150,375	74,224	5,348
Tax Title Expenditures		7,500	7,500	7,500	4,320		3,180
Historical Commission		1.050	1.050	1.050			1.050
Expenditures		1,050	1,050	1,050			1,050
Facilities Management Salaries	_	243,086	243,086	246,993	246,972	_	21
Expenditures	-	183,775	183,775	219,075	213,320	-	5,755
Articles	91,505	80,000	171,505	171,505	62,477	88,283	20,745
Total	91,505	506,861	598,366	637,573	522,769	88,283	26,521
Total General Government	436,181	4,316,430	4,752,611	4,942,294	3,680,678	999,713	261,903
Public safety Police							
Salaries		3,474,968	3,474,968	3,539,223	3,473,397		65,826
Expenditures Articles	14,595	429,612 65,683	444,207 65,683	444,207 65,683	434,265 65,683	7,568	2,374
Total.	14,595	3,970,263	3,984,858	4,049,113	3,973,345	7,568	68,200
Fire Salaries		3,129,434	3,129,434	3,105,434	3,020,270		85,164
Expenditures	88	367,700	367,788	391,786	381,982	-	9,804
Articles	13,748	134,623	148,371	148,372	144,050	4,315	7
Total	13,836	3,631,757	3,645,593	3,645,592	3,546,302	4,315	94,975
Regional Dispatch Salaries	-	706,786	706,786	706,786	667,094	-	39,692
Expenditures	-	30,000	30,000	30,000	27,396	-	2,604
Articles Total		<u>19,150</u> 755,936	19,150 755,936	19,150 755,936	<u>19,150</u> 713,640	<u> </u>	42,296
Municipal Services Salaries		544,067	544,067	544,067	530,024		14,043
Expenditures	-	28,613	28,613	28,613	15,951	3,118	9,544
Total	-	572,680	572,680	572,680	545,975	3,118	23,587
Harbormaster Salaries	-	254,750	254,750	254,750	248,227	-	6,523
Expenditures	2,135	52,550	54,685	54,685	32,443	-	22,242
Articles		42,301	78,646	49,543	34,200	15,256	87
Total	38,480	349,601	388,081	358,978	314,870	15,256	28,852
Beach Operations Salaries	-	156,309	156,309	190,437	190,351	-	86
Expenditures	-	38,800 850.000	38,800 850 000	41,200 850,000	40,394	-	806
Articles Total		1,045,109	1,045,109	1,081,637	1,080,745		892
Total Public Safety	66,911	10,325,346	10,392,257	10,463,936	10,174,877	30,257	258,802
Education Duxbury Schools - Operating Budget							
Salaries and Expenditures	252,484	37,498,353 205,512	37,750,837 205,512	37,750,839 205,512	36,314,455 152,416	376,372 51,234	1,060,012 1,862
Total Education	252,484	37,703,865	37,956,349	37,956,351	36,466,871	427,606	1,061,874
Public Works							
DPW Management Salaries	-	297.488	297,488	297,488	293,857	_	3,631
Expenditures	-	71,700	71,700	69,900	62,237	-	7,663
Articles	48,692	36,900	85,592	85,592	49,566	36,026	-
Total	48,692	406,088	454,780	452,980	405,660	36,026	11,294
Vehicle Maintenance Salaries	-	180,740	180,740	180,740	137,541	-	43,199
Expenditures	387	183,500	183,887	183,887	156,722	-	27,165
Articles Total	387	<u>30,157</u> 394,397	<u>30,157</u> 394,784	30,157 394,784	28,160		1,997 72,361
10(0).	307	004,007	534,704	534,704	322,423	-	12,301

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		YEAR ENDED	IUNE 30, 2021				
		Budgeted Am	ounts				
	Amounts Carried Forward	Current Year Initial	Original	Final	Actual Budgetary	Amounts Carried Forward	Variance to Final
Highway Department	From Prior Year	Budget	Budget	Budget	Amounts	To Next Year	Budget
Salaries		513,566	513,566	513,566	501,187	-	12,379
Expenditures Articles		89,700 7,474	89,700 10,242	89,700 10,242	83,606 10,242	357	5,737
Total		610,740	613,508	613,508	595,035	357	- 18,116
	2,100	010,110	010,000	010,000	000,000		10,110
Snow & Ice		62 750	62 750	66.360	66.360		
Salaries Expenditures.		63,750 138,600	63,750 138,600	66,369 135.981	66,369 116.600	-	- 19,381
Total		202,350	202,350	202,350	182,969		19,381
5 15 1							
Fuel Depot Expenditures	-	237,500	237,500	233,800	160,235	_	73,565
Liperial al co	· · · · · · · · ·	201,000	201,000	200,000	100,200		10,000
Land & Natural Resources							
Salaries		446,618	446,618	446,618	433,049	-	13,569
Expenditures Articles		47,200 151,961	47,200 192,262	47,200 192,262	46,290 150,449	40,012	910 1,801
Total		645,779	686,080	686,080	629,788	40,012	16,280
	.,	, .		,	,		.,
Street Lights	440	45 000	15 110	10.010	40,400		000
Expenditures	112	45,000	45,112	48,812	48,492		320
Engineering							
Articles	. 16,501	435,000	451,501	451,501	27,845	423,656	
Transfer Station							
Salaries		245,038	245,038	245,038	233,060	-	11,978
Expenditures		911,800	911,835	966,835	703,506	405	262,924
Total	35	1,156,838	1,156,873	1,211,873	936,566	405	274,902
Sewer Department							
Salaries		17,018	17,018	18,818	17,895	-	923
Expenditures		245,100	245,824	245,824	217,704	780	27,340
Total	. 724	262,118	262,842	264,642	235,599	780	28,263
Cemetery							
Salaries		428,754	428,754	428,754	408,057	-	20,697
Expenditures	-	207,200	207,200	207,200	197,045	-	10,155
Articles		67,137	84,243	84,243	67,011	17,106	126
Total	17,106	703,091	720,197	720,197	672,113	17,106	30,978
Central Building							
Salaries		54,408	54,408	54,408	49,593	-	4,815
Expenditures Total		160,675 215,083	<u>160,675</u> 215,083	160,675 215,083	138,731 188,324		21,944 26,759
Total		215,005	215,065	215,065	100,324	-	20,759
Animal Control							
Salaries		85,742	85,742	87,409	85,301	-	2,108
Expenditures Total		7,550	7,550 93,292	7,550 94,959	6,786		764 2,872
, otal		00,202	00,202	04,000	52,007		2,012
Tarkiln Building							
Expenditures	·	7,250	7,250	7,250	5,183		2,067
Total Public Works	126,626	5,414,526	5,541,152	5,597,819	4,502,319	518,342	577,158
						·	
Health and human services							
Council on Aging Salaries		451,389	451,389	463,777	460,234	_	3,543
Expenditures	690	140,470	141,160	141,160	115,501	14,083	11,576
Total	690	591,859	592,549	604,937	575,735	14,083	15,119
Veterans							
Salaries		44,369	44,369	45,437	45,436	-	1
		99,400	99,400	99,400	70,852	-	28,548
Expenditures			110 700	144,837	116,288		28,549
		143,769	143,769	144,037	110,200		
Expenditures Total		143,769	143,769	144,037	110,200		
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative			-,		-	-	500
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative Expenditures		500	500	500			
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative			-,				
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative Expenditures Total Health and Human Services		500	500	500		14,083	
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative Expenditures Total Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation Library	690	500 736,128	500 736,818	500 750,274	692,023		44,168
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative Expenditures Total Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation Library Salaries	690	500 736,128 949,013	500 736,818 949,013	500 750,274 949,013	692,023 871,729		44,168 77,284
Expenditures Total Plymouth County Cooperative Expenditures Total Health and Human Services Culture and Recreation Library	690	500 736,128	500 736,818	500 750,274	692,023		500 44,168 77,284 34,952 1,160

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Expenditures. - - - - - 20 Articles - Duxbury Beach Lease - - 20 20 Pool - - 20	ial Ori	iginal 228,765 12,120 20,500 261,385	Final Budget 233,075 12,120 20,500 265,695	Actual Budgetary Amounts 233,075 6,585 18,000	Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year - 354	Varianc to Fina Budge
Salaries - 22 Expenditures - - Articles - - Total - - Pool - - Salaries - 1 Expenditures 4,480 13 Articles - 1 Articles - 1 Total 4,480 33 North Hill - - Expenditures - - Lifeguards - - Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations - - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,90 Pension Benefits - - - Contributory Retirement - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 50	12,120 20,500 61,385 19,460 31,538	12,120 20,500	12,120 20,500	6,585	354	
Expenditures. - - - - - - - 24 Pool - - - 24 - 1 Expenditures. - - - 1 - 24 Pool Salaries. - 1 - 1 - 24 Articles. - 1 - - 1 - 1 Articles. - 1 - - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	12,120 20,500 61,385 19,460 31,538	12,120 20,500	12,120 20,500	6,585	354	
Articles - Duxbury Beach Lease - - - - 24 Pool Salaries - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20,500 61,385 19,460 31,538	20,500	20,500			5
Total	61,385 19,460 31,538				2,500	0
Salaries - 1 Expenditures 4,480 30 Articles - 1 Total 4,480 30 North Hill - - Expenditures - - Lifeguards - - Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations - - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,90 Pension Benefits - - Contributory Retirement - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 50	31,538			257,660	2,854	5
Salaries - 1 Expenditures 4,480 11 Articles - 1 Total 4,480 36 North Hill - - Expenditures - - Lifeguards - - Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations - - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,90 Pension Benefits - - Contributory Retirement - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 56	31,538					
Expenditures 4,480 13 Articles - 11 Total 4,480 30 North Hill - - Expenditures - - Lifeguards - - Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations - - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,90 Pension Benefits - - 4,12 Total - - 4,12 Property and Liability Insurance - 50	31,538	440.400	404 400	440 770		8
Articles		119,460	121,139	112,776	-	
Total	10,000	136,018	136,018	108,145	725	27
North Hill	0.000	110,000	110,000	220,921	110,000	35
Expenditures	60,998	365,478	367,157	220,921	110,725	35
Lifeguards Salaries						
Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations 15,000 - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,99 Pension Benefits - - 4,11 Non-Contributory Retirement - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 58	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,000	<u> </u>	
Salaries - - Expenditures - - Total - - Public Celebrations 15,000 - Articles 15,000 - Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,99 Pension Benefits - 4,11 Non-Contributory Retirement - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 56						
Expenditures - Total - Public Celebrations 15,000 Articles 15,000 Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 Pension Benefits - Contributory Retirement - Non-Contributory Retirement - Total - Property and Liability Insurance -	34,440	34.440	34,440	24,120	-	10
Total	2,473	2,473	2,473	1,542	400	
Articles	36,913	36,913	36,913	25,662	400	10
Articles						
Total Culture and Recreation 21,380 1,91 Pension Benefits - 4,11 Non-Contributory Retirement - - Total - 4,11 Property and Liability Insurance - 55		15,000	15,000		15,000	
Pension Benefits Contributory Retirement		15,000	15,000		15,000	
Contributory Retirement	60,856	1,982,236	1,997,680	1,701,107	131,134	165
Non-Contributory Retirement						
Non-Contributory Retirement	77,733	4,177,733	4,177,733	4,177,733	-	
Property and Liability Insurance	20,000	20,000	20,000	19,946		
	97,733	4,197,733	4,197,733	4,197,679	-	
Employee Benefits - 96	52,423	552,423	552,423	509,861		42
	17,503	9,617,503	9,617,503	9,011,458	<u> </u>	606
Reserve fund	57,920	157,920	70,637	-	<u> </u>	70
tate and County Charges 5	14,188	514,188	514,188	579,254	<u> </u>	(65
Debt Service						
Debt Service Principal 5,95	50,908	5,950,908	5,950,908	5,950,908	-	
		2,339,356	2,339,357	2,325,510		13
- 8,29	90,264	8,290,264	8,290,265	8,276,418	-	13
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	87,182 84	4,691,454	84,951,103	79,792,545	2,121,135	3,037
ESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
	09,075) (4	4,913,347)	(5,172,996)	3,125,398	(2,121,135)	6,177
ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
	06,545	1,606,545	1,577,442	1,642,577	_	65
		1,344,818)	(2,572,624)	(2,572,624)	-	00
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	61 707	261 727	(005 182)	(020.047)		~
SOURCES (USES) 20	61,727	261,727	(995,182)	(930,047)	<u> </u>	65
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	47,348) (4	4,651,620)	(6,168,178)	2,195,351	(2,121,135)	6,242
GETARY FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year 12,00	02.056	2,002,956	12,002,956	12,002,956	-	

See notes to required supplementary information.

(Concluded)

Pension Plan Schedules

The Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability presents multi-year trend information on the Town's net pension liability and related ratios.

The Schedule of the Town's Contributions presents multi-year trend information on the Town's required and actual contributions to the pension plan and related ratios.

The Schedule of the Special Funding Amounts of the Net Pension Liability for the Massachusetts Teachers' Contributory Retirement System presents multi-year trend information on the liability and expense assumed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts on behalf of the Town along with related ratios.

These schedules are intended to present information for ten years. Until a ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PLYMOUTH COUNTY RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Year	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	 Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u> </u>	Covered payroll	Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
December 31, 2020	5.393%	\$ 31,611,181	\$	18,073,102	174.91%	67.90%
December 31, 2019	5.187%	35,384,645		15,238,913	232.20%	61.61%
December 31, 2018	5.101%	37,507,527		17,792,029	210.81%	56.11%
December 31, 2017	4.983%	26,793,727		16,762,991	159.84%	65.56%
December 31, 2016	5.162%	32,703,852		16,118,261	202.90%	58.32%
December 31, 2015	4.951%	31,402,963		15,940,054	197.01%	56.76%
December 31, 2014	4.951%	28,862,001		15,363,907	187.86%	58.88%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS PLYMOUTH COUNTY RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Year	Actuarially determined contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2021\$	4,334,944	\$ (4,334,944) \$		\$ 18,434,564	23.52%
June 30, 2020	3,827,610	(3,827,610)	-	15,543,691	24.62%
June 30, 2019	3,708,285	(3,708,285)	-	18,147,870	20.43%
June 30, 2018	3,405,229	(3,405,229)	-	17,098,251	19.92%
June 30, 2017	3,286,712	(3,286,712)	-	16,440,626	19.99%
June 30, 2016	3,180,625	(3,180,625)	-	16,258,855	19.56%
June 30, 2015	3,004,465	(3,004,465)	-	15,671,185	19.17%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of the member employers which creates a special funding situation. Therefore, there is no net pension liability to recognize. This schedule discloses the Commonwealth's 100% share of the associated collective net pension liability; the portion of the collective pension expense as both a revenue and pension expense recognized; and the Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability.

Year	Commonwealth's 100% Share of the Associated Net Pension Liability	Expense and Revenue Recognized for the Commonwealth's Support	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Liability
2021\$	91,733,169	\$ 11,330,361	50.67%
2020	83,360,030	10,108,851	53.95%
2019	78,913,771	7,996,768	54.84%
2018	76,972,281	8,033,821	54.25%
2017	75,354,160	7,686,618	52.73%
2016	69,363,733	5,626,016	55.38%
2015	53,033,926	3,684,521	61.64%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Schedules

The Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability presents multi-year trend information on the Plan's net other postemployment benefit liability and related ratios.

The Schedule of the Town's Contributions presents multi-year trend information on the Town's actual contributions to the other postemployment benefit plan and related ratios.

The Schedule of Investment Returns presents multi-year trend information on the money-weighted investment return on the Plan's other postemployment assets, net of investment expense.

These schedules are intended to present information for ten years. Until a ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

	June 30, 2017	. <u> </u>	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019	_	June 30, 2020	_	June 30, 2021
Total OPEB liability Service Cost\$ Interest	5 1,574,616 2,145,961	\$	733,986 2,197,954	\$	767,015 2,555,588	\$	1,026,856 2,662,225	\$	1,066,291 2,736,841
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	- - (1,692,355)		(1,896,167) (17,398,798) (1,620,064)		- - (1,642,697)		(681,729) 7,350,083 (2,060,313)		- - (2,142,378)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,028,222		(17,983,089)	· <u> </u>	1,679,906	_	8,297,122		1,660,754
Total OPEB liability - beginning	49,755,968		51,784,190		33,801,101	_	35,481,007	_	43,778,129
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)\$	51,784,190	\$	33,801,101	\$	35,481,007	\$_	43,778,129	\$	45,438,883
Plan fiduciary net position Employer contributions\$	300,000	¢	300,000	¢	300,000	¢	-	¢	600,000
Employer contributions for OPEB payments	1,692,355 90,773 (1,692,355)	·	1,620,064 121,067 (1,620,064)	φ	1,642,697 208,212 (1,642,697)	φ	2,060,313 87,482 (2,060,313)	φ	2,142,378 814,380 (2,142,378)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	390,773		421,067	· <u> </u>	508,212	_	87,482		1,414,380
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	1,456,925		1,847,698		2,268,765	_	2,776,977	_	2,864,459
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)\$	1,847,698	\$	2,268,765	\$	2,776,977	\$_	2,864,459	\$	4,278,839
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)\$	49,936,492	\$	31,532,336	\$	32,704,030	\$_	40,913,670	\$	41,160,044
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	3.57%		6.71%		7.83%		6.54%		9.42%
Covered-employee payroll\$	44,107,553	\$	43,798,076	\$	45,331,009	\$	47,569,693	\$	48,996,784
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	113.22%		71.99%		72.14%		86.01%		84.01%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Year	Actuarially determined contribution	 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
June 30, 2021 \$	3,143,100	\$ (2,742,378) \$	400,722	\$ 48,996,784	5.60%
June 30, 2020	3,899,586	(2,060,313)	1,839,273	47,569,693	4.33%
June 30, 2019	2,220,064	(1,942,697)	277,367	45,331,009	4.29%
June 30, 2018	2,220,064	(1,920,064)	300,000	43,798,076	4.38%
June 30, 2017	2,292,355	(1,992,355)	300,000	44,107,553	4.52%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years.

Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
June 30, 2021	26.00%
June 30, 2020	3.15%
June 30, 2019	8.89%
June 30, 2018	6.30%
June 30, 2017	5.93%

Note: this schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Until a 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

NOTE A – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

A. Budgetary Information

Municipal Law requires the Town to adopt a balanced budget that is approved at the annual town meeting. The Town Manager presents an annual budget to the Select Board, Finance Committee and the Fiscal Advisory Committee, which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommendations of expenditures and other financing uses. Expenditures are budgeted by categories that are broken down by personal services, expenditures, debt service and capital outlay and are mandated by Municipal Law.

Supplementary appropriations are voted at special town meetings.

The majority of appropriations are non-continuing which lapse at the end of each year. Others are continuing appropriations for which the governing body has authorized that an unspent balance from a prior year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current year. These carry forwards are included as part of the subsequent year's original budget.

Generally, expenditures may not exceed the legal level of spending (salaries, expenditures and capital) authorized for an appropriation account. However, the payment of debt service is statutorily required, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated. Additionally, expenditures for disasters, natural or otherwise, and final judgments may exceed the level of spending authorized.

The Town adopts an annual budget for the General Fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original 2021 approved budget for the General Fund includes \$85.1 million in current year appropriations and other amounts to be raised and \$904,000 in encumbrances and appropriations carried over from previous years. There was a \$1.5 million increase from the original to final budget. These increases were free cash transfers made to fund the supplemental appropriation, the Town's stabilization funds and the OPEB trust fund.

The Accounting office has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained on an individual line item appropriation account basis. Budgetary control is exercised through the Town's accounting system.

B. Budgetary - GAAP Reconciliation

For budgetary financial reporting purposes, the Uniform Municipal Accounting System basis of accounting (established by the Commonwealth) is followed, which differs from the GAAP basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented on the following page.

Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis\$	2,195,351
Perspective differences: Activity of the stabilization fund recorded in the general fund for GAAP	1,514,402
Basis of accounting differences: Net change in recording tax refunds payable Net change in recording 60 day receipts Recognition of revenue for on-behalf payments Recognition of expenditures for on-behalf payments	(406,232) (118,260) 11,330,361 (11,330,361)
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis\$	3,185,261

C. Appropriation Deficit

Expenditures exceeded appropriations for state and county charges. State assessment deficits are not required to be raised.

NOTE B – PENSION PLAN

Pension Plan Schedules

A. Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability details the allocated percentage of the net pension liability (asset), the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the covered employee payroll. It also demonstrates the net position as a percentage of the pension liability and the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll.

B. Schedule of the Town's Contributions

Governmental employers are required to pay an annual appropriation as established by PERAC. The appropriation includes the amounts to pay the pension portion of each member's retirement allowance, an amount to amortize the actuarially determined unfunded liability to zero in accordance with the system's funding schedule, and additional appropriations in accordance with adopted early retirement incentive programs. The appropriations are payable on July 1 and January 1. The Town may choose to pay the entire appropriation in July at a discounted rate. Accordingly, actual contributions may be less than the "total appropriation". The pension fund appropriation is allocated to the Town based on covered payroll.

C. Schedule of the Special Funding Amounts of the Net Pension Liability

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of the member employers which creates a special funding situation. Since the Town does not contribute directly to MTRS, there is no net pension liability to recognize. This schedule discloses the Commonwealth's 100% share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the Town; the portion of the collective pepnsion expense as both a revenue and pension expense recognized by the Town; and the Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability.

D. Changes in Assumptions – None.

E. Changes in Plan Provisions - None.

NOTE C – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Town administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare and life insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's health and life insurance plans, which covers both active and retired members, including teachers.

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

A. Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

The Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios presents multi-year trend information on changes in the Plan's total OPEB liability, changes in the Plan's net position, and ending net OPEB liability. It also demonstrates the Plan's net position as a percentage of the total liability and the Plan's net other postemployment benefit liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll.

B. Schedule of the Town's Contributions

The Schedule of the Town's Contributions includes the Town's annual required contribution to the Plan, along with the contribution made in relation to the actuarially determined contribution and the covered employee payroll. The Town is not required to fully fund this contribution. It also demonstrates the contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll. Actuarially, contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates are as follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method.
Asset-valuation method	Market value of assets as of the measurement date, June 30, 2021.
Investment rate of return	6.62%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Municipal bond rate	2.18% as of June 30, 2021 (source: S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index - SAPIHG).
Discount rate	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Inflation	2.50% as of June 30, 2021, and for future periods.
Salary increases	3.00% annually as of June 30, 2021, and for future periods.
Medical care inflation rate	4.50%

Pre-retirement mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Employees projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Employees projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.
Post-retirement mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year for females. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.
Disabled mortality	General: RP-2014 Mortality Table for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females, set forward 1 year. Teachers: RP-2014 Mortality Table for White Collar Healthy Annuitants projected generationally with scale MP-2016 for males and females.

C. Schedule of Investment Returns

The Schedule of Investment Returns includes the money-weighted investment return on the Plan's other postemployment assets, net of investment expense.

D. Changes of Assumptions – None.

E. Changes in Plan Provisions - None.

Other Supplementary Information

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Combining Fund Statements

The combining fund financial statements provide a more detailed view of the "Basic Financial Statements" presented in the preceding subsection.

Combining statements are presented when there are more than one fund of a given fund type.

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Fund Description

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent funds or capital project funds) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specific purposes. The Town's grouping for nonmajor special revenue funds is as described as follows:

- **School Lunch** accounts for the operations of the public school lunch program.
- School Gifts and Grants accounts for educational programs specifically financed by gifts, grants and other restricted revenues.
- School Revolving accounts for self-supporting educational programs and activities.
- Recreation Revolving accounts for self-supporting recreational programs and activities.
- **Receipts Reserved for Appropriation** accounts for the sale of cemetery lots.
- **Town Gifts and Grants** accounts for various gifts, grants and legally restricted revenues for special programs administered by Town departments.
- Town Revolving accounts for self-supporting programs and activities.
- Highway Improvements accounts for construction, reconstruction and improvements of roadways, streets and sidewalks. Costs charged to the fund are subject to reimbursement by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- Other Special Revenue Funds accounts for receipts for other funds designated for specific purposes.
- **Special Revenue Trust Funds** accounts for statutory trust accounts that may be spent to support the government.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital assets (other than those financed by enterprise funds). Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bonds and grants. The Town's grouping for nonmajor capital project funds is as described as follows:

- *Miscellaneous Projects* accounts for nonmajor capital projects.
- Seawall Repairs accounts for the repairs and improvements to the Duxbury Beach seawall.
- **Powder Point Bridge** accounts for the renovation of the Powder Point Bridge.
- Capital Equipment accounts for capital equipment.
- Senior Center Expansion accounts for the construction of the senior center building addition.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

J<u>UNE 30, 2021</u>

			Spe	cial Revenue	e Fi	unds	
	School Lunch	School Gifts and Grants		School Revolving		Recreation Revolving	Receipts Reserved for Appropriations
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents\$	629,180	\$ 978,700	\$	3,047,209	\$	56,314	\$ 1,688,234
Investments	-	-		-		-	-
Receivables, net of uncollectibles: Intergovernmental		 -	-	-			
TOTAL ASSETS\$	629,180	\$ 978,700	\$	3,047,209	\$	56,314	\$ 1,688,234
		 · ·		· · ·			
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable\$	37,941	\$ 12,553	\$	21,820	\$	13,919	\$ -
Other liabilities	-	-		23,560		32,395	-
Unearned revenue	-	-		-		-	-
Notes payable	-	 -		-		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	37,941	 12,553	•	45,380		46,314	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue	-	 -		-		-	
FUND BALANCES Restricted	591,239	966,147		3,001,829		10,000	1,688,234
Unassigned		900,147		5,001,029		10,000	1,000,234
Undesigned		 	•				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	591,239	 966,147		3,001,829		10,000	1,688,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	629,180	\$ 978,700	\$	3,047,209	\$	56,314	\$ 1,688,234

				Special Re	ven	nue Funds				Capital Pro	ject Fu	nds
-	Town Gifts and Grants	Town Revolving	_	Highway Improvements		Other Special Revenue	Special Revenue Trust Funds	Subtotal	•	Miscellaneous Projects		awall pairs
\$	185,697 -	\$ 104,647 -	\$	-	\$	409,941 -	\$ 98,560 94,492	\$ 7,198,482 94,492	\$	- \$; ;	29,913 -
-	340,487		_	117,682				458,169	•			-
\$	526,184	\$ 104,647	\$	117,682	\$	409,941	\$ 193,052	\$ 7,751,143	\$	\$	i <u> </u>	29,913
\$	391,875 - 41,334	\$ 14,343 - -	\$	-	\$	- 361,312 -	\$ - - -	\$ 492,451 417,267 41,334	\$	- \$ - -	i	-
-	-		-	-					•			<u>00,000</u>
-	433,209	14,343	-	-		361,312		951,052	•	<u> </u>	1,0	00,000
-	-		-	117,682				117,682	•			-
-	92,975 -	90,304	-	-		48,629	193,052 	6,682,409		-	(9	- 70,087)
-	92,975	90,304	-			48,629	193,052	6,682,409			(9	70,087)
\$	526,184	\$ 104,647	\$	117,682	\$	409,941	\$ 193,052	\$ 7,751,143	\$	\$; <u> </u>	29,913
											(Cont	tinued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2021

			Capital	Pro	ject Funds			
		Powder Point Bridge	Capital Equipment		Senior Center Expansion	Subtotal		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 29,913	\$	7,228,395
Investments		-	-		-	-		94,492
Receivables, net of uncollectibles: Intergovernmental	• •	-	-		-	-		458,169
TOTAL ASSETS	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ 29,913	\$	7,781,056
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	492,451
Other liabilities		-	-		-	-		417,267
Unearned revenue		-	-		-	-		41,334
Notes payable	•	-	552,101		-	1,552,101	•	1,552,101
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•		552,101		-	1,552,101		2,503,153
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue	•	-	-		-	-		117,682
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-	-		-	-		6,682,409
Unassigned	•	-	(552,101)		-	(1,522,188)	•	(1,522,188)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	· .	-	(552,101)		-	(1,522,188)		5,160,221
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 29,913	\$	7,781,056
								(Concluded)

(Concluded)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

_				Spe	ecial Revenue Fu	nds		
	School Lunch		School Gifts and Grants	_	School Revolving	Recreation Revolving		Receipts Reserved for Appropriations
REVENUES: Intergovernmental\$	323,400	\$	1,174,203	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
Departmental and other	55,007		57,662		2,087,417	111,448		297,346
Contributions and donations	-		-		-	-		-
Investment income	-		-	-	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
TOTAL REVENUES	378,407		1,231,865	_	2,087,417	111,448		297,346
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	-		-		-	-		-
Public safety	-		-		-	-		-
Education Public works	562,716		1,218,406		1,901,709	-		-
Health and human services.	-		-		-	-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	67,214		-
Pension benefits	-		-	_	-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	562,716		1,218,406	_	1,901,709	67,214	. <u>-</u>	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(184,309)		13,459	_	185,708	44,234		297,346
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Premium from issuance of bonds	-		-		-	-		-
Transfers in	-		-		-	-		267,766
Transfers out	-	· -	(20,596)	_	-	(44,540)		(111,944)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-		(20,596)	_		(44,540)		155,822
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(184,309)		(7,137)		185,708	(306)		453,168
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS REVISED)	775,548		973,284	_	2,816,121	10,306		1,235,066
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR\$	591,239	\$	966,147	\$ _	3,001,829 \$	10,000	\$	1,688,234

		Special Rev	venue Funds			Capital Proje	ect Funds
Town Gifts and Grants	Town Revolving	Highway Improvements	Other Special Revenue	Special Revenue Trust Funds	Subtotal	Miscellaneous Projects	Seawall Repairs
5,104,860 \$	-	\$ 615,688	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,218,151	\$-\$	2,754,82
464,282	563,891	-	377,246	-	4,014,299	-	
105,263	-	-	-	520	105,783	-	
-				12,967	12,967	<u> </u>	
5,674,405	563,891	615,688	377,246	13,487	11,351,200	<u> </u>	2,754,82
2,456,943	60,215	-	395,263	10,321	2,922,742	-	3,687,57
2,824,890	437,378	-	29,750	-	3,292,018	-	
-	-	-	-	-	3,682,831	-	
38,243	2,746	615,688	-	-	656,677	-	
177,841	67,882	-	285	-	246,008	-	
65,898	-	-	-	1,017	134,129	-	
6,847				-	6,847		
5,570,662	568,221	615,688	425,298	11,338	10,941,252	<u> </u>	3,687,57
103,743	(4,330)		(48,052)	2,149	409,948	<u> </u>	(932,75
							8,86
80,620					348,386		0,00
(397,192)					(574,272)	(17,618)	
(007,102)					(014,212)	(17,010)	
(316,572)				-	(225,886)	(17,618)	8,8
(212,829)	(4,330)	-	(48,052)	2,149	184,062	(17,618)	(923,8
305,804	94,634		96,681	190,903	6,498,347	17,618	(46,20
92,975 \$	90,304	\$	\$ 48,629	\$ 193,052	\$ 6,682,409	\$\$	(970,0

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 Capital Project Funds Total Powder Senior Nonmaior Point Capital Center Governmental Bridge Expansion Funds Equipment Subtotal **REVENUES**: 2,754,826 \$ 9 972 977 Intergovernmental.....\$ \$ \$ \$ Departmental and other..... 4,014,299 Contributions and donations..... 105,783 Investment income..... 12,967 TOTAL REVENUES..... 2,754,826 14,106,026 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government..... 3,687,578 6,610,320 Public safety..... 3,292,018 Education..... 3,682,831 Public works..... 150,000 150,000 806,677 Health and human services..... 246,008 Culture and recreation..... 134,129 Pension benefits..... 6,847 TOTAL EXPENDITURES..... 150,000 3,837,578 14,778,830 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES..... (150,000) (1,082,752)(672,804) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Premium from issuance of bonds..... 8,867 8,867 -Transfers in..... 216,000 216,000 564,386 Transfers out..... (1,943)(37,561) (19,828) (76,950) (651,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)..... (1,943)178,439 (19,828) 147,917 (77,969) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES..... (1,943)28,439 (19,828) (934,835) (750,773) FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (AS REVISED)..... 1,943 (580,540) 19,828 (587,353) 5,910,994 FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR..... \$ (55<u>2,101)</u> \$ - \$ (1,522,188) \$ 5,160,221 \$

(Concluded)

Statistical Section

Statistical tables differ from financial statements since they usually cover more than one year and may present nonaccounting data. The following tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends, and fiscal capacity.



Powder Point Bridge

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Duxbury's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

• These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

• These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

• These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

• These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

• These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

SOURCES: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position By Component

Last Ten Years

-	2012	2013	2014 (1)	2015	2016	2017 (2)	2018	2019	2020 (3)	2021
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets\$ Restricted	81,520,404 \$ 3,634,743 1,690,298	92,575,525 \$ 3,809,125 3,581,453	117,755,690 \$ 4,944,484 (23,663,282)	127,204,540 \$ 9,979,621 (27,512,740)	133,843,271 \$ 8,956,769 (31,563,516)	135,950,281 \$ 9,323,803 (50,998,032)	138,163,519 \$ 9,229,418 (48,802,753)	143,984,565 \$ 8,274,740 (44,856,340)	150,205,087 \$ 8,728,118 (42,915,264)	157,275,604 7,472,997 (36,074,599)
Total governmental activities net position\$	86,845,445 \$	99,966,103 \$	99,036,892 \$	109,671,421 \$	111,236,524 \$	94,276,052 \$	98,590,184 \$	107,402,965 \$	116,017,941 \$	128,674,002
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets\$ Unrestricted	10,672,429 \$ 2,741,409	10,972,261 \$ 2,705,180	10,935,005 \$ 2,291,772	11,043,300 \$ 2,930,734	11,036,636 \$ 3,743,344	10,518,550 \$ 4,074,288	10,791,367 \$ 4,065,784	10,796,637 \$ 4,131,052	11,076,733 \$ 3,671,522	10,627,854 4,253,595
Total business-type activities net position\$	13,413,838 \$	13,677,441 \$	13,226,777 \$	13,974,034 \$	14,779,980 \$	14,592,838 \$	14,857,151 \$	14,927,689 \$	14,748,255 \$	14,881,449
Primary government Net investment in capital assets\$ Restricted	92,192,833 \$ 3,634,743 4,431,707	103,547,786 \$ 3,809,125 6,286,633	128,690,695 \$ 4,944,484 (21,371,510)	138,247,840 \$ 9,979,621 (24,582,006)	144,879,907 \$ 8,956,769 (27,820,172)	146,468,831 \$ 9,323,803 (46,923,744)	148,954,886 \$ 9,229,418 (44,736,969)	154,781,202 \$ 8,274,740 (40,725,288)	161,281,820 \$ 8,728,118 (39,243,742)	167,903,458 7,472,997 (31,821,004)
Total primary government net position\$	100,259,283 \$	113,643,544 \$	112,263,669 \$	123,645,455 \$	126,016,504 \$	108,868,890 \$	113,447,335 \$	122,330,654 \$	130,766,196 \$	143,555,451

(1) = Unrestricted net position has been revised to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement #68.

(2) = Unrestricted net position has been revised to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement #75.

(3) = Unrestricted net position has been revised to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement #84.

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Years

							Las								
		2012	20	13		2014		2015	2016	_	2017	2018 (2)	2019	2020 (3)	2021
Expenses															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	5,045,670	\$ 5,0	08,734	\$ 4	4,679,409	\$	4,994,880 \$	4,864,691	\$	4,805,518 \$	5,037,679 \$	5,738,689 \$	7,708,628 \$	7,929,753
Public safety		10,964,082	11,30	07,480	1	1,087,856		11,467,443	11,612,777		13,087,396	12,779,966	13,199,149	13,596,774	14,082,797
Education		53,522,811	56.0	17,363	5	4,816,225		53,150,719	58,761,241		65,375,555	59,733,009	60,300,331	62,848,092	62,737,608
Public works		5,669,389		17,986		6,075,685		6,009,023	7,600,792		6,549,649	6,543,889	6,314,029	6.241.464	6,343,448
Health and human services		1,054,046		20,090		1,262,417		1,222,376	1,359,923		1,333,179	1,344,386	1,613,604	1,647,490	1,337,132
Culture and recreation		2,642,103		52,739		2,593,462		2,563,386	3,146,025		3,394,809	3,472,387	3,729,255	3,633,917	3,800,945
Community preservation		376,498	2	55,580		452,800		243,827	334,472		259,022	426,851	447,830	451,079	237,128
Claims and judgments									435,000						
Interest		489,622	2,3	51,280		2,682,114	_	2,360,916	2,385,421	-	2,302,634	2,253,758	2,072,318	1,973,309	1,760,109
Total government activities expenses		79,764,221	84,93	31,252	8	3,649,968		82,012,570	90,500,342	·	97,107,762	91,591,925	93,415,205	98,100,753	98,228,920
Business-type activities:															
Water		2,766,078	2,8	80,706	:	2,646,381		2,741,724	2,617,935		3,068,247	2,821,355	3,120,039	3,443,751	3,358,211
Percy Walker Pool (1)		459,274	5	03,243		467,604		534,863	469,798		534,305	<u> </u>			-
Total business-type activities expenses		3,225,352	3,3	83,949	;	3,113,985	_	3,276,587	3,087,733		3,602,552	2,821,355	3,120,039	3,443,751	3,358,211
Total primary government expenses	\$	82,989,573	\$ 88,3	15,201	\$ 8	6,763,953	\$	85,289,157 \$	93,588,075	\$	100,710,314 \$	94,413,280 \$	96,535,244 \$	101,544,504 \$	101,587,131
Program Revenues							_			_					
Governmental activities:															
Education charges for services	s	5,942,281	\$ 6.5	48,587	s i	6,468,917	\$	6,628,568 \$	6,844,498	s	7,865,831 \$	5,023,406 \$	5,062,793 \$	3,765,169 \$	2,188,896
Public works charges for services	÷	1,801,734		28,235		1,913,976	ć	1,801,517	1,705,098		2,008,238	1,816,716	1,703,465	1,967,754	2,021,480
Culture and recreation charges for services		2,306,106		43,397		2,191,537		2,188,621	2,165,686		2,387,673	2,649,368	2,669,616	1,380,866	2,021,460
Other charges for services		3,414,885		70,531		3,284,393		4,171,799	4,490,079		3,544,447	3,252,036	3,638,410	3,807,736	4,441,514
Operating grants and contributions		13,958,828		59,717		5,014,771		11,256,335	13,869,319		16,276,654	16,617,277	17,114,661	19,697,786	21,792,626
Capital grant and contributions		2,371,488	19,3	33,562	2	2,173,296		7,112,572	953,518	-	1,161,840	1,165,769	2,097,394	5,140,483	5,307,940
Total government activities program revenues		29,795,322	47,14	44,029	5	1,046,890		33,159,412	30,028,198		33,244,683	30,524,572	32,286,339	35,759,794	37,761,225
Business-type activities:															
Charges for services - water		3,008,160	3,0	09,145	:	3,274,399		3,401,453	3,324,676		3,490,670	3,085,668	3,190,577	3,264,317	3,491,405
Charges for services - Percy Walker Pool (1)		313,563	3	72,637		315,811		283,813	253,582		255,901				-
Total business-type activities program revenues		3,321,723	3,3	81,782	;	3,590,210		3,685,266	3,578,258	_	3,746,571	3,085,668	3,190,577	3,264,317	3,491,405
Total primary government program revenues	\$	33,117,045	\$ <u>50,5</u>	25,811	\$	4,637,100	\$	36,844,678 \$	33,606,456	\$	36,991,254 \$	33,610,240 \$	35,476,916 \$	39,024,111 \$	41,252,630
Net (Expense)/Revenue															
Governmental activities	\$ (•	49,968,899)	\$ (37,7)	37,223)	\$ (3)	2,603,078)	\$	(48,853,158) \$	(60,472,144)	\$	(63,863,079) \$	(61,067,353) \$	(61,128,866) \$	(62,340,959) \$	(60,467,695)
Business-type activities		96,371		(2,167)		476,225		408,679	490,525		144,019	264,313	70,538	(179,434)	133,194
Total primary government net expense	e (49,872,528)		39.390)	\$ (3)	106 052)	\$	(48,444,479) \$	(50.004.040)	\$	(63,719,060) \$	(60,803,040) \$	(61,058,328) \$	(62 520 393) \$	(60,334,501)
	<u>а (</u>		\$ (37,7)		¢ (0.	2,120,000)		(1 / 1 / 1	(59,981,619)					(02,020,000) \$	
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position	_		\$ (37,7)		¢ <u>(</u> 0.	2,120,033)		<u> </u>	(59,981,619)					(02,020,000)	
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:	_		\$ (37,71		¢ <u>(</u> 0.	2,120,000)		<u>, , , , , ,</u> , <u>,</u>	(59,981,619)						
	_		\$ <u>(37,71</u>		¢ <u>(</u>	2,120,655)		<u>, , , , , , , ,</u> , _	(59,981,619)					<u>(02,020,000)</u>	
Governmental activities:		43,943,583		30,505		2,613,168	\$	54,467,814 \$	56,346,529	s	57,825,786 \$	58,864,933 \$	62,076,801 \$	63,607,214 \$	65,092,861
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes,			\$ 45,3				\$			\$	57,825,786 \$ 65,223	58,864,933 \$ 1,125,344	62,076,801 \$ 202,042		65,092,861 184,612
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable Tax and other liens		43,943,583 20,397	\$ 45,3	30,505 74,317	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656	56,346,529 2,570	\$	65,223	1,125,344	202,042	63,607,214 \$ 257,522	184,612
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583	\$ 45,3	30,505	\$ 5	2,613,168	\$	54,467,814 \$	56,346,529	\$	65,223 3,043,470	1,125,344 3,149,833	202,042 3,077,911	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758	184,612 3,129,259
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable Tax and other liens Motor vehicle and other excise taxes Meals tax		43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654	\$ 45,33 2,43	30,505 74,317 33,608 -	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 -	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 -	s	65,223 3,043,470 87,525	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361	202,042 3,077,911 140,039	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465	184,612 3,129,259 126,602
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151	\$ 45,33 2,43 1,33	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949	s	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386	\$ 45,33 2,43 1,33 2	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 08,925	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436 240,792	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221	s	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151	\$ 45,33 2,43 1,33 2	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 5 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,32 2	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436 240,792 15,965	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,32 2	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 08,925	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436 240,792	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019
Governmental activities: Real estale and resronal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,33 20 90	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 5 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,33 20 90	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 - 452,436 240,792 15,965	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,33 20 90	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 884,313 50,000	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812	\$ 45,33 2,4 1,33 20 90	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens		43,943,583 9 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - -	\$ 45,3; 2,4: 1,3: 2i 9i 8i	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - -	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 244,959 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 - -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 884,313 50,000	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and resronal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable		43,943,583 3 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812	\$ 45,3; 2,4: 1,3: 2i 9i 8i	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014	\$ 5	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Penalties and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities.	\$	43,943,583 9 20,397 2,227,654 - 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - -	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 8; 8;	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - -	\$ 5:	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 244,959 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 - -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Penaities and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers.	\$	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 8; 8;	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5:	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 - (335,351)	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 1,3,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421)	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215)	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517 981	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 253,747	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,651,635 1,405,872 - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable	\$	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 8; 8;	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5:	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 - (335,351)	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 1,3,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421)	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215)	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517 981	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 253,747	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,651,635 1,405,872 - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Pamatiles and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities. Business-type activities:	\$	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 45,33 2,43 1,33 21 99 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5:	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 - (335,351)	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 1,3,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421)	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - -	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517 981	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 253,747	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,651,635 1,405,872 - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of fax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Penalties and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Business-type activities: Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities.	\$	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - (247,156) 48,914,565	\$ 45,3 2,4 1,3 2 94 80 	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 08,925 12,956 82,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5:	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264 1,247,143 - (251,111) 7,984,504 -	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 - 212,580 - (335,351) 59,486,914	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 - 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247	\$	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - -	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517 981	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 253,747	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,651,635 1,405,872 - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Pamatiles and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities. Business-type activities: Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total business-type activities.	\$ \$ 	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - (247,156) 48,914,565 - 247,156	\$ 45,3, 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 8; 8; 8; 50,9; 22; 21	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 58,925 12,956 32,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5: ; 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 444,959 241,339 12,934 1,247,143 (251,111) 7,984,504 251,111		54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 (335,351) 59,486,914 - 335,351 -	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421	· _	65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - -	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other lens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Panalties and interest on taxes. Pamaties and interest on taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities. Special item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total business-type activities. Total primary government	\$ \$ 	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 10,95	\$ 45,3, 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 8; 8; 8; 50,9; 22; 21	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 12,956 82,014 98,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5: ; 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 241,339 12,934 995,264 (251,111) 7,984,504 - 251,111		54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 666,988 212,580 (335,351) 59,486,914 - 335,351	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247	· _	65.223 3.043.470 87.525 482.247 285.929 11.725 1.030.560 864.313 50.000 4.440 (214.215) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,125,344 3,149,833 131,361 508,105 260,524 8,250 1,066,637 265,517 981	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 253,747	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,651,635 1,405,872 - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - 73,123,756 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Pamalies and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities. Business-type activities. Total business-type activities.	\$ \$ 	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - (247,156) 48,914,565 - 247,156	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 21 9; 9; 9; 8; 50,9; 22; 50,9; 22; 50,9; 22; 5,51,1;	30,505 74,317 73,3608 22,525 82,925 12,956 32,014 08,801 - - - 55,770 07,881	\$ 5: 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 444,959 241,339 12,934 1,247,143 (251,111) 7,984,504 251,111		54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 - (335,351) - 335,351 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 - - (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421 315,421 62,352,668		65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 111,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - -	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - 73,123,756 - - 73,123,756
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Meals tax. Community preservation taxes. Parallies and interest on taxes. Paramites and interest on taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Data governmental activities. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total point - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total business-type activities.	\$ · ·	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - (247,156) 48,914,565 - 247,156	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 2; 9; 9; 9; 8; 50,9; 2; 2; 2; 2; 2; 5,51,1;	30,505 74,317 33,608 - 22,525 58,925 12,956 32,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5: 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 444,959 241,339 12,934 1,247,143 (251,111) 7,984,504 251,111	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 (335,351) 59,486,914 - 335,351 -	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421		65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 11,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - -	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - 73,123,756 - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens	\$ · ·	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,366 10,950 904,812 529,788 (247,156) 48,914,565 247,156 247,156 49,161,721 41,156 49,161,721 41,156 41,156,334	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 2 2 9; 9; 8; 50,9; 2 2; 2 2; 5,51,1; 5 13,1;	30,505 74,317 33,608 22,525 12,956 82,014 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 5: 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 - 444,959 12,934 995,264 .247,143 - .251,111 .251,111 .251,111 3,235,615 5,381,426	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 666,988 212,580 (335,351) 59,486,914 335,351 335,351 59,822,265 \$ 10,633,756 \$	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 9826,75 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421 315,421 62,352,668 1,565,103		65.223 3.043.470 87.525 482.247 285.929 11.725 1.030.560 864.313 50.000 4.440 (214.215) 	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	202.042 3.077.911 140.039 532.098 251.105 14.440 1.182.592 2.210.872 	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal properly taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Community preservation taxes. Panalties and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities. Business-type activities: Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total business-type activities. Total business-type activities. Total primary government Changes in Net Position	\$ · ·	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 299,386 10,950 904,812 529,788 - (247,156) 48,914,565 - 247,156 247,156 49,161,721	\$ 45,3; 2,4; 1,3; 2 2 9; 9; 8; 50,9; 2 2; 2 2; 5,51,1; 5 13,1;	30,505 74,317 73,3608 22,525 82,925 12,956 32,014 08,801 - - - 55,770 07,881	\$ 5: 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 444,959 241,339 12,934 12,934 1,247,143 - (251,111) 7,984,504 - 251,111 3,235,615	\$	54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 - (335,351) - 335,351 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 982,675 1,404,393 6,500 - - (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421 315,421 62,352,668		65,223 3,043,470 87,525 482,247 285,929 111,725 1,030,560 864,313 50,000 4,440 (214,215) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	202,042 3,077,911 140,039 532,098 251,105 14,440 1,182,592 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 2,210,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - 73,123,756 - - 73,123,756
Governmental activities: Real estate and personal property taxes, net of tax refunds payable. Tax and other liens. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Motor vehicle and other excise taxes. Penalties and interest on taxes. Payments in lieu of taxes. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Unrestricted investment income. Miscellaneous. Gain on sale of assets. Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total governmental activities: Special Item - Conversion to governmental activities. Transfers. Total business-type activities. Total primary government Changes in Net Position Governmental activities.	\$ · ·	43,943,583 20,397 2,227,654 1,285,151 239,366 10,950 904,812 529,788 (247,156) 48,914,565 247,156 247,156 49,161,721 41,156 49,161,721 41,156 41,156,334	\$ 45,31 2,4; 1,32 21 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	30,505 74,317 33,608 -22,525 12,956 82,014 08,801 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 55 	2,613,168 128,258 2,552,550 444,959 241,339 12,934 1,247,143 - (251,111) 7,984,504 - 251,111 3,235,615 5,381,426 727,336		54,467,814 \$ 17,656 2,695,218 452,436 240,792 15,965 1,062,816 656,988 212,580 335,351 335,351 335,351 335,351 335,351 335,351 335,351 10,633,756 \$ 10,633,756 \$	56,346,529 2,570 2,870,355 462,949 263,221 13,476 9826,75 1,404,393 6,500 (315,421) 62,037,247 - 315,421 315,421 62,352,668 1,565,103	\$ 	65.223 3.043.470 87.525 482.247 285.929 11.725 1.030.560 864.313 50.000 4.440 (214.215) 	1.125.344 3.149.833 131.361 508.105 260.524 8.250 1.066.637 265.517 981 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	202.042 3.077.911 140.039 532.098 251.105 14.440 1.182.592 2.210.872 	63,607,214 \$ 257,522 3,004,758 151,465 539,675 327,729 13,384 1,551,635 1,405,872 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	184,612 3,129,259 126,602 557,832 376,019 10,111 1,226,432 2,420,028 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

The Percy Walker pool ceased operations as an enterprise fund on June 30, 2017.
 Reflects the implementation of GASB #75.
 Reflects the implementation of GASB #84.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

				Last Ten Year	'S					
-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (1)	2021
General Fund										
Restricted\$ Committed	- \$ 324,382	7,013,483 \$ 751,029	6,612,344 \$ 941,580	6,071,276 \$ 1,068,002	5,127,521 \$ 606,430	4,629,803 \$ 817,362	4,156,628 \$ 966,930	3,711,483 \$ 1,066,592	3,294,348 \$ 622,523	3,294,348 1,697,258
Assigned	1,698,230	2,234,372	1,474,689	1,785,239	1,621,478	2,468,179	1,742,816	1,464,471	952,679	639,877
Unassigned	8,876,350	7,786,136	9,139,920	8,313,675	9,263,339	9,247,751	9,370,383	11,289,565	13,766,478	16,189,806
Total general fund\$	10,898,962 \$	17,785,020 \$	18,168,533 \$	17,238,192 \$	16,618,768 \$	17,163,095 \$	16,236,757 \$	17,532,111 \$	18,636,028 \$	21,821,289
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable \$	2,034,870 \$	2,077,070 \$	2,152,855 \$	2,205,823 \$	2,264,673 \$	2,318,473 \$	2,349,698 \$	2,378,098 \$	2,395,173 \$	2,412,793
Restricted	11,664,137	47,844,142	14,581,241	11,814,850	11,512,555	12,163,383	12,017,173	12,579,675	12,511,513	11,727,241
Unassigned	(255,726)	(498,150)			(3,614,106)	(321,546)	(1,078,964)		(626,742)	(1,522,188)
Total all other governmental funds \$	13,443,281 \$	49,423,062 \$	16,734,096 \$	14,020,673 \$	10,163,122 \$	14,160,310 \$	13,287,907 \$	14,957,773 \$	14,279,944 \$	12,617,846

(1) = Restricted net position in all other governmental funds has been revised to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement #84.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Years

-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues:										
Real estate and personal property taxes,										
net of tax refunds\$	43,683,102 \$	45,066,583 \$	52.259.619 \$	53,947,565 \$	56.018.861 \$	57,743,886 \$	59,151,188 \$	62,191,382 \$	63,481,813 \$	65.245.506
Tax and other liens	43,083,102 \$ 91,948	45,000,585 \$ 69,547	34.594	17,656	67,508	60,471	166,146	261,747	349,158	290.082
Motor vehicle and other excise taxes		2,264,283	2,630,758	2,492,965		3,088,548	3,197,745	2,992,354	3,066,528	2,937,869
	2,304,289	2,204,203	2,030,750	2,492,900	3,035,431	3,088,548	131,361	140,039	151,465	2,937,809
Meals tax	-	-	-	-	-					
Sewer charges	304,243	287,269	296,186	212,226	312,228	281,530	239,319	229,907	195,341	232,989
Regional dispatch member revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	325,000	325,000	425,000
Penalties and interest on taxes	239,386	208,925	241,339	240,792	263,221	285,929	260,524	251,105	327,729	376,019
Trash disposal	604,833	591,499	599,680	605,573	616,259	624,436	686,391	709,365	881,836	963,631
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,950	12,956	12,934	15,965	13,476	11,725	8,250	14,440	13,384	10,111
Intergovernmental	17,365,641	25,664,153	30,373,394	14,499,263	10,167,499	9,461,586	10,343,811	12,297,434	15,770,521	16,577,389
Intergovernmental - Teachers Retirement	6,666,279	6,882,597	7,487,437	3,684,521	5,626,016	7,686,618	8,033,821	7,996,768	10,108,851	11,330,361
Departmental and other	10,107,279	10,601,027	10,543,232	11,577,762	11,766,381	12,085,340	12,296,948	12,105,181	9,397,496	9,127,114
Community preservation taxes	1,285,151	1,322,525	444,959	452,436	462,949	482,247	506,899	533,774	539,888	559,146
Community preservation state match	361,041	383,265	774,590	133,640	133,198	96,007	82,967	96,749	126,931	156,095
Contributions and donations	348,240	302,255	290,207	319,020	351,013	555,113	248,737	481,561	234,272	123,403
Investment income	464,529	728,342	1,072,436	554,845	1,156,690	764,562	280,502	1,921,649	1,129,295	2,048,325
Total Revenues.	83,836,911	94,385,226	107,061,365	88,754,229	89,990,730	93,315,523	95,634,609	102,548,455	106,099,508	110,529,642
Expenditures:										
General government	3,154,077	3,592,551	3,339,008	3,544,306	3,313,885	3,114,929	3,929,899	4,256,200	5,644,779	6,200,768
Public safety	7,110,163	7,272,844	7,456,518	8,076,183	7,892,295	8,830,467	9,847,871	9,473,981	9,641,526	10.401.211
Education	33,962,562	36,483,547	36,443,826	38,288,116	38,752,314	41,314,574	41,109,409	41,904,413	41,701,763	40,149,702
Public works	3,676,827	3,833,425	4,107,734	4,205,659	4,717,870	4,340,266	5,201,009	4,402,913	4,220,138	4,261,333
Health and human services	765,164	928,925	935,898	887,962	980,453	932,530	1,063,421	1,292,163	1,272,874	938,031
Culture and recreation.	1,639,688	1,796,905	1,722,918	1,706,659	2,250,499	2,476,854	2,769,927	2,927,963	2,816,257	2,917,294
Community preservation	718,536	163,408	260.986	52,013	136,400	62,700	230,150	239,920	240.067	93.444
Pension benefits - Town	2,159,162	2,422,765	2,525,382	2,840,847	3,075,063	3,168,990	3,311,028	3,590,644	3,700,904	4,193,786
Pension benefits - Teachers Retirement	6,666,279	6,882,597	7,487,437	3,684,521	5,626,016	7,686,618	8,033,821	7,996,768	10,108,851	11,330,361
		253,465	280.147	380.564			424.773		499.078	
Property and liability insurance	186,966				387,272	410,395		478,617		509,861
Employee benefits	6,806,418	6,692,042	6,916,638	6,973,526	7,642,949	8,102,315	8,871,695	9,038,179	9,106,176	9,611,458
Claims and judgments	-	-	-	-	435,000	-	-	-	-	-
State and county charges	327,762	296,362	448,529	485,681	459,520	500,571	526,890	501,914	514,808	579,254
Capital outlay Debt service:	16,632,384	53,127,988	61,056,139	16,721,338	9,887,399	2,296,384	3,585,047	8,656,462	7,801,707	9,552,425
Principal	1,482,726	1,363,792	4,301,886	6,276,053	5,580,267	5,552,518	5,676,558	5,656,558	5,950,690	5,950,908
Interest	502,267	505,484	4,576,710	3,112,964	3,026,758	2,900,403	2,880,687	2,718,729	2,550,483	2,325,510
Total Expenditures	85,790,981	125,616,100	141,859,756	97,236,392	94,163,960	91,690,514	97,462,185	103,135,424	105,770,101	109,015,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(1,954,070)	(31,230,874)	(34,798,391)	(8,482,163)	(4,173,230)	1,625,009	(1,827,576)	(586,969)	329,407	1,514,296
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Issuance of bonds and notes	16,098,000	67,349,000	2,200,000	4,500,000	-	3,185,000	-	2,985,000	-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	425,000	282,000	4,120,000	-	-	-	-	-
Premium from issuance of bonds and notes	29,606	7,013,483	119,049	150,750	216,676	345,918	28,835	313,442	-	8,867
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(4,325,000)	-	-		-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	241,000	-	4,440	-	253,747	-	-
Transfers in	266,917	400,500	116,019	250,605	720,915	267,543	1,267,591	957,911	996,374	1,014,865
Transfers out Special item - Reclassification Percy Walker Pool	(514,073)	(666,270)	(367,130)	(585,956)	(1,036,336)	(785,876) (100,519)	(1,267,591)	(957,911)	(996,374)	(1,014,865)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15.880.450	74,096,713	2,492,938	4.838.399	(303,745)	2,916,506	28,835	3,552,189		8.867
				,						
Net change in fund balance\$	13,926,380 \$	42,865,839 \$	(32,305,453) \$	(3,643,764) \$	(4,476,975) \$	4,541,515 \$	(1,798,741) \$	2,965,220 \$	329,407 \$	1,523,163

(a) Does not include the transfer of capital assets from the Percy Walker Pool Enterprise Fund.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property by Classification and Tax Rates

Last Ten Years

		Residential &		essed and Actual		Total		Total	Total
Year	Residential Value	Personal Property Tax Rate	Commercial Value	Industrial Value	Personal Property	Commercial Value	Commercial Tax Rate	Direct Rate (1)	Town Value
2012 2013	\$3,067,422,072 \$3,076,141,600	\$13.79 \$14.19	\$88,685,699 \$92,204,500	\$2,844,400 \$2,735,800	\$41,683,140 \$43,585,780	\$133,213,239 \$138,526,080	\$13.79 \$14.19	\$13.79 \$14.19	\$3,200,635,3 \$3,214,667,6
2013 2014	\$3,076,141,600	\$14.19 \$16.15	\$92,204,500 \$94,583,642	\$2,735,800 \$2,779,800	\$43,585,780 \$45,889,560	\$138,526,080	\$14.19 \$16.15	\$14.19 \$16.15	\$3,214,007,0
2015	\$3,366,472,285	\$15.60	\$90,881,004	\$4,128,976	\$44,938,420	\$139,948,400	\$15.60	\$15.60	\$3,506,420,
2016 2017	\$3,480,420,057 \$3,590,943,268	\$15.55 \$15.51	\$100,122,228 \$100,882,281	\$3,009,900 \$3,009,900	\$48,372,550 \$52,872,380	\$151,504,678 \$156,764,561	\$15.55 \$15.51	\$15.55 \$15.51	\$3,631,924, \$3,747,707,
2018	\$3,836,620,986	\$15.16	\$100,091,785	\$2,635,000	\$58,670,190	\$161,396,975	\$15.16	\$15.16	\$3,998,017,
2019 2020	\$4,103,920,658 \$4,212,300,181	\$14.68 \$14.66	\$97,997,347 \$98,849,480	\$2,729,500 \$2,739,600	\$59,437,570 \$63,767,560	\$160,164,417 \$165,356,640	\$14.68 \$14.66	\$14.68 \$14.66	\$4,264,085, \$4,377,656,
2020 2021	\$4,407,492,535	\$14.66	\$99,763,089	\$2,739,800 \$2,739,100	\$69,783,770 \$69,783,770	\$172,285,959	\$14.66	\$14.66 \$14.48	\$4,579,778,
	Total Acco	ssed Value by Classific	ation			T . 1 A			
		Ended June 30, 2020	ation				ed Value by Cla Ided June 30, 2		
		0.00%					0.06%	1021	
	2					2.18	-1.52%		
							N		
		÷							
		96.22%					96.24%		
		96.22%					96.24%		
	• Residential • Con		ersonal Property		• 6	esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	• Residential • Con	96.22% nmercial • Industrial • Pe	rsonal Property		• R	esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	• Residential • Con			rcial Value as % of J		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	• Residential • Con			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	• Residential • Con			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
				rcial Value as % of T		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1% 4.0%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1% 4.0%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1% 4.0% 3.9% 3.8%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1% 4.0% 3.9% 3.8% 3.7%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty
	4.5% 4.4% 4.3% 4.2% 4.1% 4.0% 3.9% 3.8%			rcial Value as % of T		esidential • Commer		Personal Pro	perty

(1) Weighted average direct tax rate, calculated as weighted average of residential, commercial and personal property tax rates. Source: Assessor's Department, Town of Duxbury

All property in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

Note: Chapter 59, Section 21C of the Massachusetts General Laws, known as "Proposition 2 1/2", imposes 2 separate limits on the annual tax levy of the Town. The primary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed 2 1/2 percent of the full and fair cash value. The secondary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed the maximum levy limit for the preceding year as determined by the State Commissioner of Revenue by more than 2 1/2 percent, subject to an exception for property added to the tax rolls and for certain substantial valuation increases other than as part of a general revaluation. The secondary limit may be exceeded in any year by a majority vote of the voters, however it cannot exceed the primary limitation.

Principal Taxpayers

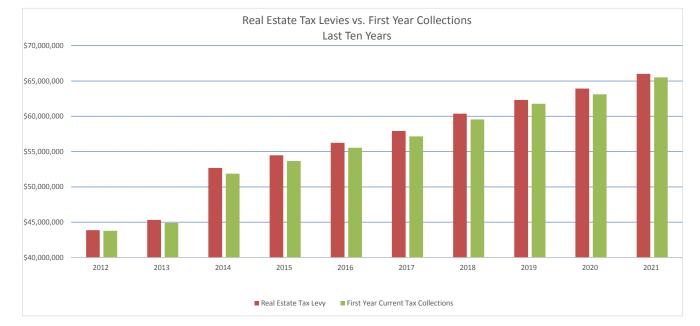
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

				2021	Percentage of Total Taxable			2012	Percentage of Total Taxable
Name	Nature of Business	-	Assessed /aluation	Rank	Assessed Value	-	Assessed /aluation	Rank	Assessed Value
The Village at Duxbury - Assisted Living	Retirement Community	\$	54,200,000	1	1.24%	\$	30,030,500	1	0.94%
sland Creek Properties LLC	Subsidized Housing	\$	45,363,400	2	1.04%	\$	7,097,500	7	0.22%
Eversource	Public Utility	\$	32,645,300	3	0.75%				
Cynthia Reed Revocable Trust	Eight Residential Parcels	\$	17,158,600	4	0.39%				
Bay State Gas	Public Utility	\$	11,784,070	5	0.27%	\$	6,067,630	9	0.19%
/erizon	Utility	\$	11,732,200	6	0.27%	\$	12,868,700	4	0.40%
ndividual	Residence	\$	8,246,600	7	0.19%				
ndividual	Residence	\$	8,128,400	8	0.19%				
Duxbury Yacht Club, Golf Course	Yacht Club, Golf Course	\$	7,449,300	9	0.17%				
Ditch Digger LLC	Oyster Company	\$	7,392,800	10	0.17%				
Nstar Service	Utility					\$	13,089,820	2	0.41%
The Village at Duxbury - 30 Apartments	Retirement Community					\$	12,885,900	3	0.40%
ndividual	Residence					\$	8,522,400	5	0.27%
Standish LLC	Medical Office					\$	7,321,700	6	0.23%
Thomas Walsh	Nursing Home					\$	6,243,100	8	0.20%
ndividual	Residence					\$	4,702,400	10	0.15%
	Totals	\$	204,100,670		4.66%	\$	108,829,650		3.40%

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Years

Year	(1) Total Tax Levy	Less Reserve for Abatements & Exemptions	(1) Net Tax Levy	Net as % of Total	First Year Current Tax Collections	Percent of Net Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy (2)
2012	\$44,136,761	\$268,633	\$43,868,128	99.39%	\$43,785,222	99.81%	\$555,585	\$44,340,807	101.08%
2013	\$45,616,134	\$285,269	\$45,330,865	99.37%	\$44,899,174	99.05%	\$935,535	\$45,834,709	101.11%
2014	\$52,916,083	\$232,932	\$52,683,151	99.56%	\$51,883,927	98.48%	\$590,850	\$52,474,777	99.60%
2015	\$54,700,163	\$214,125	\$54,486,038	99.61%	\$53,668,095	98.50%	\$668,826	\$54,336,921	99.73%
2016	\$56,476,430	\$222,947	\$56,253,483	99.61%	\$55,536,843	98.73%	\$940,557	\$56,477,400	100.40%
2017	\$58,126,948	\$202,417	\$57,924,531	99.65%	\$57,151,655	98.67%	\$529,088	\$57,680,743	99.58%
2018	\$60,609,952	\$239,693	\$60,370,259	99.60%	\$59,561,527	98.66%	\$611,221	\$60,172,748	99.67%
2019	\$62,596,769	\$275,715	\$62,321,054	99.56%	\$61,780,462	99.13%	\$404,989	\$62,185,451	99.78%
2020	\$64,176,449	\$245,483	\$63,930,966	99.62%	\$63,104,441	98.71%	\$667,592	\$63,772,033	99.75%
2021	\$66,315,493	\$305,285	\$66,010,208	99.54%	\$65,502,822	99.23%	\$0	\$65,502,822	99.23%



(1) Includes tax liens.

(2) If the actual abatements and exemptions are lower than the estimate, the actual collections can exceed the net levy.

Source: Official Statements, Town of Duxbury.

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Years

	_	Governı Activi	-		Busines Activ	-						
Year		General Obligation Bonds (1)	E	Direct Sorrowing	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Obligation			Total Debt Outstanding	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	U. S. Census Population	Debt Per Capita
2012	\$	26,483,000	\$	370,227 \$	3,985,000 \$	\$	2,744,413	\$	33,582,640	4.53%	15,290	2,196
2013	Ŧ	92,527,000	•	311,435	3,350,000		2,607,505	•	98,795,940	12.87%	15,582	6,340
2014		90,910,000		251,549	3,634,000		2,467,831		97,263,380	11.40%	15,560	6,251
2015		89,477,000		190,496	3,125,000		2,325,336		95,117,832	10.77%	15,636	6,083
2016		89,052,766		128,229	2,625,000		2,179,962		93,985,957	10.13%	15,937	5,897
2017		87,773,125		64,711	935,000		2,031,651		90,804,487	9.90%	15,297	5,936
2018		81,534,611		43,153	650,000		1,880,344		84,108,108	8.80%	15,483	5,432
2019		78,661,972		21,595	1,771,480		1,725,980		82,181,027	8.26%	15,638	5,255
2020		72,182,607		10,905	1,489,725		1,568,498		75,251,735	7.27%	15,794	4,765
2021		65,756,548		-	1,210,482		1,407,834		68,374,864	6.35%	15,952	4,286

(1) Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

(2) Personal income is disclosed on the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Source: Audited Financial Statements, U. S. Census

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Years

Year		General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2012	\$	30,468,000	0.95%	1,993
2012	Ψ	95,877,000	2.98%	6,153
2014		94,544,000	2.89%	6,076
2015		92,602,000	2.64%	5,922
2016		91,677,766	2.52%	5,753
2017		88,708,125	2.37%	5,799
2018		82,184,611	2.06%	5,308
2019		80,433,452	1.89%	5,144
2020		73,672,332	1.68%	4,665
2021		66,967,030	1.46%	4,198

(1) Property value data is disclosed on the Schedule of Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Classification and Tax Rates.

(2) Population data is disclosed on the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Source: Audited Financial Statements, U. S. Census

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2021

Overlapping Entities	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable		Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes Plymouth County\$	1,200,000	4.94%	\$	59,280
Town direct debt				65,756,548
Total direct and overlapping debt			. \$	65,815,828

Source: Official Statements

Note: The Town obtains the debt outstanding and percentages directly from Plymouth County.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule calculates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the taxpayers of Town. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Years

(Amounts in Thousands)

-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Equalized Valuation\$_	3,853,684 \$	3,466,188 \$	3,466,188 \$	3,475,391 \$	3,475,391 \$	3,855,500 \$	3,855,500 \$	4,265,308 \$	4,265,308 \$	4,265,308
Debt Limit -5% of Equalized Valuation\$	192,684 \$	173,309 \$	173,309 \$	173,770 \$	173,770 \$	192,775 \$	192,775 \$	213,265 \$	213,265 \$	213,265
Less:										
Outstanding debt applicable to limit	11,758	29,227	29,061	26,477	23,716	21,195	18,991	19,794	17,302	14,810
applicable to limit	3,325	1,900	200	200						
Legal debt margin\$	177,601 \$	142,182 \$	144,048 \$	147,093 \$	150,054 \$	171,580 \$	173,784 \$	193,471 \$	195,963 \$	198,455
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	7.83%	17.96%	16.88%	15.35%	13.65%	10.99%	9.85%	9.28%	8.11%	6.94%

Source: Assessor's Office

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Year	Population Estimates	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2012	15,290 \$	742,054,280 \$	48,532	42.2	3,184	4.9%
2012	15,582	767,553,738	49,259	43.0	3,181	4.9 <i>%</i> 5.2%
2014	15,560	853,497,120	54,852	45.2	3,187	4.5%
2015	15,636	883,395,848	56,498	47.3	3,242	4.3%
2016	15,937	927,413,662	58,192	45.4	3,218	4.4%
2017	15,297	916,875,585	59,938	46.4	3,121	3.3%
2018	15,483	955,864,824	61,736	53.0	3,109	2.4%
2019	15,638	994,386,177	63,589	53.0	3,006	2.4%
2020	15,794	1,034,459,940	65,496	53.0	3,036	2.4%
2021	15,952	1,076,148,675	67,461	52.5	3,066	4.6%

Source: U. S. Census, Division of Local Services

Principal Employers (excluding Town)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2021		2012			
	Nature of			Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town	
Employer	Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Bay Path Nursing Home	Nursing Home	176	1	2.19%	176	1	2.36%	
The Villages at Duxbury	Retirement Condos	160	2	1.99%	160	2	2.15%	
Batelle Labs	Science and Technology Research	70	3	0.87%	70	3	0.94%	
Duxbury Yacht Club	Yacht Club, Golf Course, Tennis	70	4	0.87%	70	4	0.94%	
Foodies	Grocery Store	60	5	0.75%	60	5	0.81%	
South Shore Conservatory	Music and Art Institution	54	6	0.67%	50	7	0.67%	
Plymouth Bay Orthopedic Associates	Physician Services	50	7	0.62%	54	6	0.73%	
Millbrook Motors	Automotive	39	8	0.49%	39	8	0.52%	
J.S. Post Office	Mail Services	28	9	0.35%	28	9	0.38%	
Verc Enterprises	Convenience Stores, Gasoline Sales	7	10	0.09%				
	Totals	714		8.89%	707		9.50%	

For 2012 only information on the 9 largest employers is available.

Source: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training and Official Statements

Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function

Last Ten Years												
-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Function												
General government	29	30	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31		
Public safety	68	70	72	72	72	78	78	85	85	94 (2)		
Education	392	392	387	385	385	409 (1)	409	409	409	412		
Public works	46	45	48	48	48	50	50	50	50	50		
Human services	5	5	6	5	5	15 (1)	15	15	15	15		
Culture and recreation	20	20	21	20	20	26_(1)	26	26	26	25		
Total	560	562	566	562	562	610	610	617	617	627		

Source: Various Town Departments

 (1) = Prior to 2017, only general fund full-time equivalents were reported
 (2) = The Regional Dispatch Center increased the number of dispatchers by six (6) as a new member town was added. Three (3) new Firefighters were also added from a Federal Grant (SAFER).

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Fire Department										
Fire related calls.	1.035	1.131	847	1.066	992	973	1.438	1.019	1.352	1.132
Rescue/EMS	1,245	1,323	1,291	1,345	1,479	1,441	1,603	1,616	1,504	1,618
Inspectional Services Department	.,2.10	1,020	.,	1,010	.,	.,	1,000	1,010	1,001	1,010
Number of building permits (quick and zoning)	794	573	593	699	769	741	770	830	962	1,509
Number of electrical permits	429	477	606	536	600	543	570	557	481	582
Number of plumbing/gas permits	618	739	871	796	869	739	742	850	661	723
Water/Sewer	0.0		0					000		0
Number of gallons pumped (millions)	499,754	469,000	502,942	552,891	563,756	587,577	545,404	556,010	534,000	533,000
Number of new services added	11	6	6	4	25	8	35	18	7	4
Number of additional mains installed	-	1	1	-		-	1	-	-	_
Number of main improvements	1	2	2	1	-	2	3	1	5	-
Highway										
Number of miles completed-road rehab	2	3	3	4	2	7	4	3	3	3
Number of snow operations	2	30	36	48	21	22	32	20	27	14
Cemetery										
Cremations	3,184	3,248	3,382	2,956	2,583	2,780	2,843	2,620	3,065	2,737
Recreation	-, -	-, -	-,	,	,	,	,	,	-,	, -
Number of programs offered	65	68	64	70	68	69	70	71	50	34
Number of participants-winter	504	522	595	739	664	702	701	725	750	-
Number of participants-spring	397	325	302	469	371	358	316	320	-	190
Number of participants-summer	955	798	702	848	766	528	542	612	400	493
Number of participants-fall	507	439	440	442	484	489	529	498	325	362
Parking Sticker Sales										
Non resident over sand	3,771	3,281	2,981	3,122	2,862	3,043	3,124	2,662	1,438	2,395
Over sand	3,203	2,730	3,267	3,873	3,088	3,195	3,273	2,894	2,164	3,049
Parking lot	3,276	2,799	2,204	2,631	2,968	3,011	3,015	2,662	2,397	3,294
Transfer station	5,617	5,088	5,207	6,129	5,652	5,886	5,860	5,366	5,007	5,411
Senior Center										
Number of visitors	27,902	28,000	32,381	34,083	41,081	41,633	43,841	39,787	32,774	13,476
Number of activities	2,308	2,602	10,339	3,492	3,560	3,780	3,674	3,410	2,264	1,107
Number of congregate meals	5,367	5,384	5,949	5,050	8,124	4,833	4,303	3,267	4,116	2,128
Number of delivered meals	4,025	4,515	4,440	3,996	4,996	6,261	6,011	7,104	8,058	10,192
Number of meals served from the café	-	-	-	5,537	7,558	9,424	17,686	18,324	9,553	1,673
Number of paying rentals	376	118	27	25	13	17	17	4	5	-
Number of committee meetings	43	180	294	300	423	254	379	158	347	295
Duxbury Free Library										
Holdings	117,461	109,437	112,783	253,933	243,665	154,234	113,945	120,348	143,691	1,548
Reference questions answered	7,829	6,862	6,788	6,368	6,485	6,764	6,800	6,733	4,660	87,277
Print materials loaned	202,980	157,088	151,582	139,986	137,287	131,840	127,828	127,535	103,891	10,579
Videos loaned	47,071	44,584	41,254	37,444	32,319	28,987	23,743	21,367	16,740	140,066
All loans	250,059	236,207	229,079	213,943	212,020	201,278	193,613	191,859	161,601	29,441
Loans provided to other towns	41,306	38,109	22,163	20,419	21,461	19,991	20,293	22,710	33,676	21,169
Materials borrowed from other towns	29,639	25,625	14,768	13,327	14,857	14,587	13,907	13,460	12,248	25
Children's programs held	238	228	338	334	383	427	481	435	442	514
Children's program attendance	6,316	5,558	6,856	6,057	7,062	8,523	9,360	8,524	5,529	293
Adult & Teen programs held	262	332	445	467	395	411	409	344	296	3,014
Adult & Teen program attendance	4,234	4,618	4,300	4,402	4,064	4,098	3,636	3,599	3,393	23
Public computers	30	30	37	31	35	39	39	39	39	9
Public meeting room use	941	842	964	918	913	1,160	1,239	1,135	985	985

Source: Various Town Departments

Town of Duxbury, Massachusetts

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government										
Number of buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Police										
Number of stations	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Number of stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Antique apparatus storage	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Harbormaster										
Number of buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public beaches	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public landings	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Education										
Number of elementary schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of middle schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of high schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Performing arts center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Water pumping stations	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Water towers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water other	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sewage treatment plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shared septic systems	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works buildings	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Crematories	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemetery buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Human Services										
Council on aging - senior center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation										
Recreation land (acreage)	187.5	190.5	190.5	190.5	455.5	455.5	455.5	455.5	455.5	455.5
Playgrounds*	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ball fields*	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Basketball courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf clubhouses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Various Town Departments

* The Town has significantly improved fields/recreational facilities during the last ten years. Most of the fields have new irrigation systems.



Duxbury Maritime Academy